Dr N. S. HARDIKAR

8th INSTALMENT

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FILE NO 1

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8th INSTALMENT

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Dr. N. .Hardikar.
Hubli
Southern Railway

Camp GHATAPRABHA March 20, 1953.

My dear Durgabai,

This is in continuation of my oral invitation to you to visit the Karnatak Health Institute at Ghataprabha (Belgaum District) and the Women's Hospital at Hubli. I read in papers that Dr.Deshmukh is paying a visit to Kared sometime in May after the Parliament adjourns. It is just possible that you may also accompany him. In that case, is it not possible for you to take up this tour in Karnatak and visit some of the important places including the Jog Falls which is situated in the District of Karwar?

Karnatak Health Institute at Ghataprabha, District Belgaum runs a general hospital and a Tuberculosis Sanatorium. It is 18 years old. It has stood on its own feet and serves the ailing humanity in the District of Belgaum as also in other districts in Karnatak. Experts from Bombay do visit the Institute once every two months and attend to the most urgent cases which are reserved for them. This arrangement has been made by the Institute in order to help the poor who cannot afford to spend money in going and coming to Bombay and getting their patients treated at a metropolitan city at great cost to themselves. Hundreds of patients have so far been treated by these experts also. The hospital is fully equipped and has on its staff best qualified men whose work has been very much appreciated. It is the only one of its kind in this part of the country.

Besides this Karnatak Health Institute w ich I want you and Dr.Deshmukh to visit, there are two other projects which I would like you to see. The Ghataprabha Left Bank Canal headquarters are located at Ghataprabha itself. The Ghataprabha river flows just in the neighbourhood of this hospital. The canal work is going on for the last 3 years and they have completed much of the portion that was contemplated to be finished before a certain period. The canal feeds an area of about 8 miles now. After June of this year, it will be in a position to feed water to an area of another ten miles. They could have done this even earlier but for the construction of a big aqueduct over a valley. That aqueduct is ready now and they want it to be opened. If Dr.Deshmukh does this work the people of Karnatak will be pleased. Of course it is not for me to invite Dr.Deshmukh to perform the opening ceremony of the said aqueduct. It is for the Public Works Department of the Government of Bombay. If Dr.Deshmukh does it, I am sure that Government will have absolutely no objection. In my individual capacity I will certainly have a talk with the Minister concerned when I go to Bombay en route to Delhi, but it would be better if I know your mind about this even before I talk with the Minister. This inauguration will have to be done sometime in June. I know it will not coinside with his visit to Kared. Any date in June that will be convenient to Dr.Deshmukh and you will be acceptable to the Authorities here. So please do let me know as to what you and Dr.Deshmukh think about this.

Then Karnatak's Community Project area is also located here. I would like both of you to pay a visit to that also.

Belgaum city is only 3½ miles south of Ghataprabha on the Southern Railway. In Belgaum, the Belgaum Bank Limited, a scheduled bank in the Bombay State, has built its own office building and their office is to be shifted to that building. When the directors of this bank heard that I was inviting you and Dr.Deshmukh to visit the Karnatak Health Institute and also to inaugurate the Aqueduct of the Ghataprabha Left Bank Canal, they approached me and urged me to write to you and to Dr.Deshmukh about their desire of getting the bank building

opened....

opened by the Doctor. They will certainly invite him officially, but hmmm they wanted me also to write now only.

Fighty-seven miles south of Belgaum on the Southern Railway is situated the city of Hubli in the District of Dharwar. The Women's Hospital in Hubli is helping the ailing womenfolk. Originally it was only a maternity Hospital of 20 bds beds. During the last five years we have expanded its work and brought the number of beds from 20 to 50 and have made it a general hospital for women. This hospital too is a charitable one just as the Karnatak Health Institute is. I am on the Governing Bodies of both these Institutions. Being interested in these institutions I have been asking all my friends to pay a visit to the same.

In like manner I wrote to you once; now I am writing to you again. I am not writing to Dr.Deshmukh directly and troubling him unnecessarily. It is sufficient for the present, I think, that through you he should know our desire. After I reach Delhi I will have a talk with him when I come to see you. In the meantime will you please let me have a reply to the address given below.

I hope you are well.

Your brother,

To

Mrs. Durgabai Deshmukh,
Planning Commission,
Rashtrapati Bhavan,
NPW DELHI.

My address:

Dr. N.V.Hardikar,

Hubli.

From: Dr. N.S.Hardikar

March 20, 1953.

My dear Nimbkar,

Herewith please find a copy of the letter that I have addressed to Mrs.Durgabai Deshmukh. You will find therein the request that I have made. I am quite confident that unless the Public Works Department Minister of the Government of Bombay invites Dr.Deshmukh to inaugurate the aqueduct, he will not give his consent as it is the duty of the State Government to do so. I want you to take this copy to Mr.Naik Nimbalkar and persuade him to write to Dr.Deshmukh.

I want you also to write similarly to Dr.Deshmukh and urge him to pay a visit to our Institute. After all what am I? -- an ordinary member of the Governing Council with no status. You are the Chairman of the Governing Council; yours will be an authoritative say in the matter. So, do write to him immediately. Before I have a talk with him, let me have your letter. It will strengthen my hands.

Mr. Krishna Murthirao, the Deputy Chairman of the Council of States is here today. He is leaving for Bombay by Mail tonight. I have asked him also to speak to Dr.Deshmukh and urge him to pay a visit to the Karnatak and its Institutions.

I am.....

I am returning to Hubli tomorrow. I will fix my programme in a day or two and will let you know. I want you to reserve a seat for me for Delhi after you get my exact date. Please reply to Hubli.

Have you met Dr.Vaidya? Did you have a talk with him about the affairs in the Hospital. Mr.Mahajan who is here today wants us to summon the Governing Council sometime after fifteen days. You will hear from this office soon about the same.

Your brother,

Shri. V.Nimbkar,
'Amerind', 14 Khar Road,
Khar, Bombay.

From: Dr. N.S.Hardikar

March 20,'53.

My dear Dr. Keskar,

Sometime in the last week of this month, may be on the 26th or 27th, I will be in Bombay. I am staying there for two ~~days~~ days and then flying to Delhi. I am taking the Gerusoppa (Jog) film along with me to Bombay. I will see Mr.Bhavnani there but why should Mr.Bhavnani listen to me? I am no authority. I want you to write to him immediately and tell him to have a talk with me about the film and do the needful in the matter. I hope you remember our talk regarding the Documentary to be prepared from the present film. This work will have to be done by you immediately. Will you send me a copy of the letter that you will address to Mr.Bhavnani, to Hubli? On the strength of that I will approach him and get the work done.

How are you? Hope to meet you sometime before the end of the month.

Your brother,

To

Dr. B.V.Keskar,
Minister for Information & Broadcasting,
8, Hastings Road, New Delhi.

From: Dr. N.S.Hardikar

March 20, 195

My dear Mr.Balwantrao,

Herewith please find a copy of the letter that I have addressed to Mrs. Durgabai Deshmukh. It speaks for itself. Bhimarao Potdar wants you to speak to Dr.Deshmukh and urge him to visit Ghataprabha and Belgaum. Will you, during your spare time, have a talk with Dr.Deshmukh and Mrs. Durgabai? Please let me know what you do.

Hope you are well.

Your brother,

To

Mr. B.N.Datar,
Deputy Home Minister,
5, Saf-Dar-Jung Lane,
New Delhi.

S. V. Krishna Moorthy Rao
Deputy Chairman
COUNCIL OF STATES

Tele. { Res.: 45513
P.H.: 45171

6, Queen Victoria Road
NEW DELHI

7

Date 23-3-53.

198/53.

Dear Sri. Vaidya,

I thank you for the nice arrangements you were kind enough to make for my stay at Ghataprabha on the 19th and 20th instants and for having taken me round the Karnatak Health institute, Ghatprabha Canal area, and the Community Project area. Please convey my thanks to all your officers and men for having made my stay pleasant and instructive with kind regards,

yours sincerely,

S.V. Krishnamoorthy Rao

Dr. Vaidya,
Officer in Charge,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Belgaum District.

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PLANNING COMMISSION
NEW DELHI

27th March, 1953.

Dear Dr.Hardikar,

Your letter dated 20th March. We are afraid that we will not be able to accept your invitation to visit Karnatak institutions till we get free from the commitments already made up to the middle of June. The programme is so tightly drawn up that it will leave us no time to spare to the other parts not covered by the present tour. As you know, we intend leaving on the 15th May and we have a programme drawn up till the 20th June when we have to come back to Delhi for work. But I will take the earliest opportunity next to visit your place and we shall discuss the programme when we meet again. I hope you will be able to forgive us for our inability to comply with your request immediately.

With kind regards

Yours sincerely,
Durgabai Deshmukh
minister in b.l 1953

Dr.N.S.Hardikar,
The Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha (Bombay).

Dr. N. S. HARDIKER,
HUBLI

Hubli, 29th June, 1953

My Dear Morarjibhai,

Dr. K. K. Vaidya, Chief Medical Officer, Karnatak Health Institute, Ghataprabha has informed me about the visit you paid to the Institute and General Hospital and Sanatorium. How good and kind of you ! I hope it was not a boring affair. I am sure you might have gathered some idea at least about the work that is being done there.

Herewith, I am sending a copy of the pamphlet which gives some information about the said Institute. If you so desire, I shall be glad to supply any other information you wish to know.

With kind regards.

Your Brother,

N. S. Hardiker

To:

Shri. Morarji R. Desai,
Chief Minister,
Bombay State,
Secretariat, Fort,
BOMBAY

To,

The Hon'ble Rajkumari Amrit Kaur
Minister for Health,
Government of India.

Madam,

We, the members of the Governing Council of the Karnatak Health Institute, accord a cordial and hearty wel-come to you on this occasion of your visit to this Institute. We deem it a privilege that we have been given this opportunity of acquainting you with what the Institute has been doing to serve the suffering humanity. The great interest which you have been evincing for many years past in social service will undoubtedly be a source of inspiration to us to do our best in the cause of social welfare. Your distinguished service in the secretarial staff of the Father of our Nation has been greatly instrumental in efficiently organising the social services in our country. It was in the fitness of things therefore that you were elected President of the World Health Organisation Assembly in 1950. Your service in that capacity was distinguished by able leadership. As Chief Commissioner of St. John Ambulance Brigade in India and as Chairman of the Managing Body of the Indian Red Cross Society, you have rendered valuable services to serve the objects of these Bodies. Your participation in the battle of Freedom and the readiness with which

The surroundings are vast and clean. All these factors must therefore be fully availed of to make the Institute a model of Rural Medical ai The Institue has ever been striving to achieve th object and has been expanding its activities in almost all directions with the means that become available. We are however conscious of the fact that much still remains to be done. For medical aid to be effective, it must be made available at the right time. It is common knowledge that due to want of comfortable and speedy conveyances in the rural areas, it does not become possible to give medical aid to he needy persons at the righ time. Many lives are thus lost. The necessity of providing ambulance vans for bringing patients fr the rural areas to the hospital is therefore very great. Our Institute though keenly desirous of providing this amenity has not so far been a le to do it for want of funds.

The present accommodation of 115 regular bed 45 in the General ward and 70 in the sanitorium x section, has been found to be insufficient to mee the increasing demand of the needy public. Both these wards need to be extended as expeditiously possible. The Institute is functioning in the - community Project area and we feel that the objec embodied in the Project so far as Rural medical aid is concerned will be best achieved through th agency of this Institute. We therefore take this opportunity to assure our full co-operation in -- implementing these objects.

which you underwent political suffering will be long remembered with gratitude by the present and future generations of our mother land.

With your kind permission, we now give a brief history of our Institute. It was in the year 1929 that the Institute was registered under the ~~India~~ Society's Registration Act Due to paucity of funds, the activities of the Institute were very much restricted and the whole organisation was conducted by Dr. C.R. Kokatnur. The importance of such an organisation in this part of the country was gradually realised by the social-minded people with the result that it became possible to erect the present buildings one after another. Our thanks are due to the Silver Jubilee Fund Committee and to His Highness the late Shri Rajaram Maharaj Chatrapati of Kolhapur and to many munificient persons ~~persons~~ who liberally contributed towards the funds of the Institute The importance of the Institute has, in recent times, increased to a commendable degree due to the fact that leading doctors and surgeon from Bombay and other cities in the State regularly visit this Institute to give their valuable advice on cases involving major complications. These visits of eminent doctors and surgeons have greatly facilitated to bring within easy reach of persons ~~of~~ of moderate means, expert medical advice which they would have otherwise been unable to obtain. The Institute is situate in ideal conditions. The climate is dry and healthy.

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The T.B. sanitorium is located -as it should be- at a distance of one furlong from the General Hospital where the X ray plant has been installed. Many a time it becomes extremely inconvinient to bring T.B. Patients from the sanitorium to the General hospital for X ray examination. In the case of T.B. patients, in serious conditions, their removal to such a long distance for the purpose of X ray ex mination is not advisable. The installation of an X ray plant in the T.B. Sanitorium itself is an urgent necessity.

Like soldiers in an army, nurses play a vital role in the running of a hospital. The training of nurses is therefore an important - branch of medical relief. The Institute is - anxious to start a school of training nurses.

We have enumerated some of our important needs. The Institute, we are proud to say, is already making good progress under the able -- management of its Chief Medical Officer Dr. M.K. Vaidya. It is however our duty to provide for - all the necessities of medical aid to enable him to achieve still better results. We earnes l hope that you will extend all possible help to this Institute to facilitate the early -- achievements of the objects it has set before it

We thank you for honouring us with your visit and pray to Almighty to bestow upon you a long life and propperity.

Ghataprabha: We remain,
11th October 1953. Yours faithfully,

Members of the Governing
Council of the Karnatak Health Institut

10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi,
24th February, 1954.

My dear Rajkumariji,

I write again about the Karnatak Health Institute of Ghataprabha which you visited along with Dr. Benjamin in October last.

Dr. Benjamin and yourself have seen the Institute. I am sure both of you were able to judge the good work that the Institue has been doing and the spirit with which the workers connected with it are working. With a view to avoid repetition which may unnecessarily take your precious time, I refrain from giving you all the details about it once again.

The workers of the Institute, as you know, have been forging ahead with a missionary zeal, facing all the heavy odds that usually confront such public Institutes, with a spirit of philosophic detachment. We have been able to make a certain amount of progress so far. It cannot be denied that there is a great deal to be done yet. All through these difficult years we entirely depended on public charity and the goodwill of friends and benefactors. While we have no doubt collected an inexhaustible fund of goodwill, we have also stretched public charities to their last limit.

I know you have a good word to say about the Institute. I am sure you are all sympathy for all those who are engaged in the battle against disease; and that you will do everything possible to strengthen their hands.

We are anxious to develop the Institute further with a view to extending its coverage to the neighbouring villages, as also to providing shelter to a larger number of patients within the Hospital Wards.

It was indeed very kind of you to have come down to Ghataprabha to lay the foundation stone of the TB General Ward & the TB Operation Theatre Block. I am happy to tell you that the construction work of these buildings is already in progress and we hope to complete it before the end of this year. But all this means money and more money

The construction work and the installation of the necessary equipment are expected to cost us about Rs.75,000/-.

We have, however, been doing our very best to raise funds for this purpose here and there. But I am afraid, it may not be possible for us to reach the target unless friends and sympathisers like you come to our rescue. And hence this letter.

Trust this finds you in the best of health & cheer.

Your Brother,

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur,

11, Akbar Road,
New Delhi,
10th March, 1954.

My dear Rajkumariji,

For your ready reference I am attaching herewith a copy of the letter that I have addressed you on the 24th February, 1954, regarding the Karnatak Health Institute, Chatapraiba, Belgaum District, Bombay State.

Today I am writing to you about the requirements of that Institute. I have divided the requirements into (i) Metallic, (ii) Operation Unit, (iii) Surgical Instruments, (iv) X-ray Requirements, (v) Opthalmic Instruments, and (vi) Dental Instruments. These divisions will help you to understand our exact needs.

I may point out to you here that these requirements are meant for the new Tuberculosis Ward for women as also for the Tuberculosis Operation Theatre Block, the foundation stones of which were laid by you when you visited the Institute on October 11, 1953. The other wards and the hospital operation theatre which have been working for the last so many years are already equipped. Hence, I have not made any mention of the same in the present requirements.

The cost that we have mentioned against each item is approximate. The price changes every now and then. Hence, it is not possible for me to give the exact cost of each of the item mentioned in the list.

Besides these requirements, the Institute is in need of a number of buildings to house the incoming patients, their attendants and the new staff that is now being appointed. I have, therefore, requested you in my letter dated February 24, 1954, to give us some assistance.

In addition to our requirements mentioned in the list and the need for constructing new buildings, we

need.....

need very badly a Mobile Van, medically fitted, to move about in the neighbourhood. It is our sincere desire to approach every home and every village from which sick persons are coming either to be treated as in-door or out-door patients.

If you need any other information about the Institute I may be sent for by you for getting the same from me.

Thanking you for all the interest that you are taking in aiding the ailing humanity of India,

I am,
Your brother,

(M.S. HARDIKAR)

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur,
2, Willingdon Crescent,
NEW DELHI.

Encls: 2.
1.

Ghataprabha,
November 20, 1964.

My Dear Dr.Hitschmanova :

Your letter dated November 4, 1964 from Ottawa came to my hands a week ago. I have not replied to you immediately as I thought it better to consult the Chief Medical Officer, of Karnatak Health Institute, Ghataprabha, before I said anything regarding the Jeep Ambulance which you are so kindly donating to us.

I am sorry it is not possible for you to outfit the vehicle with an 'X-Ray' Plant etc. I will have therefore to be satisfied with what you give. However, I urge you to see as far as it lies in your powers to do everything to offer us a self-sufficient Ambulance.

Yes! We would like to have shelves built in the vehicle; that will help us. I say "yes" not knowing anything about the nature of outfit that you are going to give us. However, let me again say that I leave everything to you. You do whatever you think fit. You are the best judge.

May I repeat my invitation to you to visit the Karnatak Health Institute at Ghataprabha in Belgaum District of Bombay State, when you visit India next ? We shall be very much pleased to have you amongst us and to get your suggestions and advice regarding the work we are doing in this Institute. I would certainly like to have an idea of the probable month of your arrival in India. I would like to be present at Ghataprabha at the time of your visit. Hence the request.

Will you be good enough to write a line to me as soon as the vehicle leaves Canada ? Your Representative will surely get in touch with us and will attend to its despatch from Bombay to Ghataprabha.

.....Page 2 . . . .

Ghataprabha:
20-11-1954.

From now on upto December 25, 1954 I will be in New Delhi attending the Parliament Session. Therefore, please reply this letter to my New Delhi address.

With Kind Regards:

Your Brother,

N. S. Hardikar

(N. S. Hardikar.)

My next Address:

Dr. N. S. Hardikar, M.P.,
10 Akbar Road,
NEW DELHI.

To

Dr. Lotta Hitschmanova,
Executive Director,
Unitarian Service Committee,
Canada,
48, Sparks Street,
OTTAWA - 4,
ONT.
CANADA.

Office of the Superintendent of
Post Offices,
Belgaum Division.
Dated the 1st Novr. 1954.

D.O. Letter No.H-80.

Dear Dr.Hardikar,

As I was out of Headquarters on 28th October 54 I am sorry I could not avail of the opportunity of seeing you personally at the Belgaum Rly.Stn. when you passed through Belgaum on that day. My Head-Clerk however gave me the details of the conversation that he had with you, on the question of affording more postal facilities at the Karnatak Health Institute. I would assure you in this connection that I am always at your services to do all that can possibly be done within Departmental limits. As regards some of the points discussed with my Head Clerk I would say :

1) Regarding providing Telephone Booth:

This is a question entirely within the jurisdiction of the Engineering Branch of the Department. However I am addressing the Deputy D.E.T. Poona separately on this question and requesting him to do all that can be done as early as possible.

2) Regarding attaching the Postman of Mallapur BO to the KARNATAK HEALTH INSTITUTE.

In this connection I would say that Mallapur B.O. is a permanent B.O. of a considerable importance with a population of nearly 3000. The postman of Mallapur B.O. serves Mallapur and other surrounding and adjoining areas. It does not therefore appear feasible to attach this postman to the K.H.I. post office, which is a B.O. opened only a year ago and which is still in an Exptl.stage. One 'L' bag (direct bag) for the K.H.I. is already introduced recently. In order to see that postal articles are delivered quickly, the question will be examined if the Branch Postmaster himself would be willing to effect delivery of the articles immediately on receipt of the B.O. bag at the office. The Branch Postmaster would be offered some extra allowance for this additional work.

3) Regarding conversion of the B.O. into a full fledged Sub Office.

As I have already stated above, the K.H.I. B.O. is still in a Exptl. stage and this question can be taken up when the office becomes permanent and develops adequate postal revenue.

I will when necessary take up an opportunity of visiting the Institute personally and see for myself what additional postal facilities can be extended here.

Regarding the ensuing visit of the Deputy Minister of Communications to this part of the country I have to say that at present there are not in sight any important items worthy of being inaugurated in this Division at the hands of the Deputy Minister. However I shall keep myself entirely at his services during his visit to this side.

Yours sincerely,

To

Sd/ D. G. Shinde

Shri.Dr.N.S.Hardikar, 10, Cannaught Road, New Delhi.

Office of the Superintendent of
Post Offices,
Belgaum Division.
Dated the 1st Novr. 1954.

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Yours sincerely,

Sd/ D. G. Shinde

Shri.Dr.N.S.Hardikar, 10, Cannaught Road, New Delhi.

10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi,
3rd Novr., 1954.

(copy)

My dear Kamala,

Your card dated the 22nd October. It is a reminder to me.

Yes. I have gone through your detailed letter of the 25th of September, 1954 and have understood it perfectly well. I know your mind now. I am glad you have replied to me in detail and have given me an inkling of your mind. You see how your mind runs. Do you realise why I bombarded those questions? Your answers are very clear and give me a correct idea of the way in which you are now thinking. Those answers have made me think and reply to you with the intention of guiding you properly. That is the one reason which made me answer so late as this.

Look here, Kamala. You say that you are "fed up with your children who are five in all". You are "fed up in trying to correct them and instruct them to be good, kind and useful citizens of the nation". In the same breath you proceed and say that you "cannot help thinking of the great -- Almighty who has created such things for the benefit of man. Don't we owe him something in return for all that he has given us. Is it enough simply to make use of all that. Eat, sleep and live like animals. I do think it is everyone's duty to do something more besides this".

How can these two things go together? You say you "are fed up with children". Again you say "owe something to that great Almighty who has created you and all of us". Please remember that children are like god. They are clean,

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unpoluted and unaffected by the dirt of the world. Therefore, they should be taken as gods on earth. Their nearness ought to please us, make us more and more happy as we go on experiencing the life on this planet. If you do not treat children like gods why should god give you the happiness that you desire?

If you want to "pull out the blindness that exists amongst the illiterate mass of our country and make the teeming millions see light" how can you do it when you make such a distinction between the seen gods on earth (children) and the gods unseen in heaven! If you do not see god the Almighty, the creator, the benefactor in the world in every child or even for that matter in every human being, how is it possible for you to see that unseen god? Is it ever possible? The heaven is on earth. Janata itself is Janardhan. That is why we call people as Janata Janardhan. See beyond you and you will understand what I mean.

The frog-in-the-well policy never works. That does not allow us to broaden our vision and imagination. I am asking you to have a door darshan (broad vision) so that you will begin to realise that what you wrote to me was wrong.

I asked you to let me know what you thought of the heavenly bodies, viz. stars, planets, etc. Why did I do it? I wanted you to think, and think seriously, of what you are, who you are and what your duties are in this world. Oh! You don't know. How I am lost to the world when I begin to look at the innumerable white spots in the sky and think about the creation and mighty hand behind it. I forget myself

and begin to curse myself for not paying any attention to the One who made me. Then I think of the little ones. I sit with them. I play with them. I enjoy their nearness. My soul then makes me to do everything for them and weep when I find that the little ones are unhappy and are not upto the mark from the health point of view. Why do I do it? Because I see my creator in them. I want you to begin to do similarly and experience them for yourself.

What is this social activity after all? I don't say that you should refrain from carrying on those activities. I want you to carry them on, by all means. But do that work without expecting any results. That is selflessness. Whether you succeed in a particular activity or not it is not for you to think. Yours is to do and not to think of the results. People, as we find them today, do not satisfy us in every manner, because man after he attains certain age, gradually turns his attention to the self in him and when he begins to do it, he is lost to the creator. That is what I find in this world today. Possibly we are passing through a cycle which once in a while does come and does disappear. A seer like Gandhi comes, mends, puts the things in order and disappears. A few years after his disappearance again the whole things begin to repeat. That is what has happened and therefore we are not pleased with what we are seeing and feeling. Keep this in mind and learn.

You may say you cannot learn now as you are aged. But that is wrong. Till death man goes on learning. He learns and unlearns. If we attempt consciously we are sure to learn many things in this world. I have seen aged men and women learn even when their heads shake and bodies tilt.when they walk. The reason for this is they

make conscious attempts. The desire is there. You are yet a young girl. From my point of view you have not yet reached that age when it is impossible for you to even think. You have just begun your life. Take life seriously, and think of Him who gave you that life. Then only you will see the light - bread light.

For the present I pause. I want you to think about the few lines that I have written to you and write to me in detail to my Hubli address where I will be on the 11th of this month. I came here on the 31st night for a Committee meeting and I am going home on the 7th. Again I will be reaching Delhi on the 22nd of this month to attend the regular session of the Parliament which will last for one month.

With love to you, your children and to Guru.

Yours affectionately,

(N.S. HARDIKER)

Mrs. G. Kamala,
C/o S.R. Guru,
Dodballapur,
District Bangalore,
South India.

ಶಾಂಪುರ್ ಗುರು B.A., M.L.C
ವಿಧಾನ ಪರಿಷತ್ ಸದಸ್ಯ.

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Dear Doctorji,

So very glad to see your very loving letter of the 3rd. Many many thanks for the same. How kind of you to write such a long and nice letter! Can you imagine how happy and consoled I felt as I went through it? My heart feels so elevated and my mind jumps with joy when I go through your letters! I must really thank God for having given me such a nice understanding friend and loving father to guide me at this precious period of my life. I wish to make the most of this opportunity and try not only to get all the information but get into practice all the advise you so kindly give me.

By what you say I can quite clearly see where I am wrong. It is not right that I should feel fed up with my children. I will try to love them more (not to say that I was not loving them hitherto) try to be more patient with their faults and moods, try to control my temper and will do my best to be very kind to them in everything. That is the first lesson I will try to follow from to-day.

Secondly, I will try to talk to them of their Maker, even that I have been doing that to a certain extent. They are taught to think of Him everyday in the morning

and night, and to thank Him for all the things they are so fortunate to possess, comparing them with the more unfortunate children who are around them, and to love each other, which they find very difficult. They start quarelling with each other for everything and it is really a job to pacify them. Considering all this they are not up to my mark (as you say) may be also it is my fault, my way of teaching out of order.

I tell you the truth I am doing my best to with them but I must go on with more ~~zeal~~ patience.

If that is all I owe to my Maker, I can assure you I will try my best to fulfill it to the best of my ability. And I to understand that by doing this I will be doing my duty towards my children, towards God and my duty to my Mother land?

What I wanted you to tell me was whether there was anything more besides these daily duties which a person in my position could do to help her fellow sisters.

To come up to your point again, as you say in, when I see the stars, the sun, the sky and even the lovely flowers, I do think of the One who is behind all this and thank Him for everything. But where do the little ones come in here? These are also the beautiful gifts

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of God to take care of and to bring up. Is that what you mean? If there is anything more than this I wish you would explain more plainly and simply.

Now to the last para of your letter, "To take life seriously. to think of Him who has given one life and then I would see light" I do take life very seriously and I always think of Him and I always try to be good (which is not very easy sometimes) and yet I am not able to see broad light It still seems so far away. Can I ever see it in this life? I wonder!

Dear Doctor, Please be writing now and then at your leisure. ~~what~~ Be sure it will be very much appreciated

I think I will close it here with only one thing more, don't laugh when I say that your good son in law got jealous of me because I got a very long letter from you, in which he has been forgotten. But I showed him his name at the end for which he was not satisfied.

With my best regards and also this,

I remain yours ever loving child,

Kamala.

P.T.O.

By the way, do you know Doctor, how your precious son-in-law is looking after the factory and the business? He has started going to the villages, a few miles from our place and has induced the villagers to dig a well for themselves in one village, to make a road in another, and to start building a Panchayat Hall in a third village, all by themselves, so that they may get grants from the Central Govt and State Govt.

He even brought the concerned minister to show the works and absenting himself from the factory work, thus causing his youngest brother to shout and scream at home with his father. What can the poor father say? He just stayed quiet

You see, he has started doing Sevadal work (which has got into his blood) with the villagers. I am sure he can never stick to the factory work. You know the result of all this, while all the business people in our town are earning thousands & thousands monthly, we are struggling hard to make both ends meet and this is a complaint against him which he cannot deny easily.

Excuse me, Doctor. This has become too long a letter, Please take your own time to answer as I know how busy you are.

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My Dear Doctorji

Just as I was wondering whether to remind you once again, your loaded cover was handed to me. Thanks very much. It is already a fortnight and I have not yet answered. Recently I have been reading the autobiographies of Rajendra Prasad and Nehru. They were so interesting that I couldn't have concentrated on my letter even if I had attempted to write.

A new world has been opened to my eyes after reading their lives. What a hard life they have all had! What prices they have paid for Freedom! Oh! How I wish everyone in our country would read all those books & know something of our ~~tea~~ worthy leaders? I feel so keenly the lack of education of our people. After reading these two books I ~~be~~ know, the kind of work my dear husband has been doing all these years and I tell you truly I feel so very proud of him and I wish God would give him a very long life and good health to serve his fellow ~~fellow~~ worthless creatures as much as he can. How small I feel besides him. I don't know how I can be worthy of such a husband. I don't wish him to earn ~~ta~~ lakhs, let him be as he is. I hope his children will follow in his footsteps. I have been showing them his examples at every

step and I am trying to make them worthy of their father
If people like you and God bless them it will not be a hard
task. Lately I have read another book "Shamachi Aai"
Shama's mother" in which a mothers duty is very nicely
and clearly described. I am trying to follow it also. Consid-
ing all this I can assume you! your grand children are much better
compared to others of the same age in our household.

My Dear Doctor, please dont. by any means think
that I am praising myself, my husband & the children in
front of you. I just want to make myself clear in all
this, talking to somebody, and that somebody is your
dearself, being the sole well wisher of the family. To tell
you the truth, not a simple member of the Shampur
family likes his way of life, for which he doesn't care
in the least and says the same to me. But I have
yet to learn to be as regardless as he is in all these
matters.

Now I can very well understand your speech that
you have spun and I agree to all that you have
said. Now where do I come in all this? It only
remains for you to tell me how I can make myself
useful in this life and become worthy of such a father
like you and such a husband. That is to just
what I want to know from you.

My husband was away for nine days working

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for Mr. K. Hanumanthayya helping him in the no-confidence motion. Thank God he has come out with bright colours.

I am sure my letters are becoming longer and longer. but I am not afraid. I know there is a corner in your blessed little heart for me and I would like to make the most of it.

Awaiting your kind answer.

I remain yours ever loving

Kamala.

I waited for my husband to write something here for several days but I cant catch hold of him and make him write, so I have posted it ~~on his behalf~~ sending this best regards to this dear doctor on his behalf

Dr. N.S. HARDIKAR, M.P.

10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi,

December 23, 1954.

My dear Kamala,

For the last few days I have been thinking of writing to you. Somehow I could not make up my mind as I thought that I should write to you only after I hear from you in answer to my last letter. Now that it has come, I am replying.

Good for you. I am glad you have laid your hands on the two books. I would like you to read Gandhiji's autobiography - "My experiments with truth". That will throw more light. After you are through with that book, I want you to turn your attention to the lives of Sri Rama and his wife Sita and the life of Sri Krishna. How fascinating these are, provided you lay your hands on books written by eminent men like Sri Rajagopalachariar, Rt. Hon'ble Srinivasa Shastri and such others. Books written on the lives of these heroes of Ramayana and Mahabharatha by ordinary men will not at all be illuminative So, first get a list of writers of such books and then choose. Don't lay your hand on the book that comes along your way. After that I will write to you again about this.

Yes. Our womenfolk,- sisters, mothers and others - are illiterate. They lack education. But please remember that they are not ignorant. They are intelligent enough. They are appreciative. They have the will to do in them; but there is no encouragement About menfolk, they are too much engrossed either in earning their bread or in gambling in matters concerned to themselves, or trying to move political mountains. If they but give just a little thought to the domestic affairs and try to relieve their womenfolks from the burden that they are now carrying on their shoulders and teach them the three arts in order to make them know the ancient culture, how wonderful it would be! As I have said in my lecture on "children", I have begun to realise the mistakes that I have committed in the past. I wish that others also do likewise. Anyway, you go ahead with what you are now doing and see what a wonderful transformation there will be in you if you only assimilate the spirit in which these biographies and autobiographies have been written.

In so far as my literature on "children" is concerned, I want you to know what a transformation that had been in me regarding children whom I handled very roughly in my young age. What you should do is a different question. I want to deal with it differently at some other time; but please be reminding me about it.

I do not want to say anything about your husband just now. Please know this much for the present. that he is a self-sacrificing man and without inspiration from within he is not sticking up to the social and political work. It is the intuition of the man that makes him go forward. It is the man within us

that makes us follow a certain path, though it may be full of thorns and difficult to trod on. Wait a bit and I am sure you will realise that I am right. He is lovely and knows his business, even though he may not be helping his family to earn its livelihood.

I am leaving Delhi on the 24th. I will be at Hubli on the 4th of January. I want you to reply to me to this letter to the Hubli address. I will be in Hubli and its neighbourhood up to the 15th of January. After that, I am going to Madras. After the Congress Session at Madras, it is just possible that I may run to Bangalore and stay there for a few days. I am not yet sure about it, but anyway, after I hear from you, I will write to you again.

I am not tired of reading your letters. The reason is that your letters are the outpourings of your heart. I am never tired to read such outpourings. I want you to go on writing, and even if you write longer letters, I do not mind. I consider them to be genuine letters. They will be a treasure both for me and for you in future. I will preserve them all and, if necessary, I will hand them over to you for your files.

Love to you, to Guru and also to your children.

Yours affectionately,

(N.S. HARDIKAR)

Smt. Kamala Guru,
C/o Sri S.R. Guru, MLC.,
Dodballapur,
Dist. Bangalore.

Phone—Gauhati 74

Tel. 'CONGRESS' Gauhati

CHILD WELFARE DEPARTMENT

Constructive Work Committee A.P.C.C.

(Registered under Societies Act XXI of 1860)

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Ref. No.....

Date 14-3-57

My dear Dr. Shakeb,

I had received your letter a few days back. But as I had to leave Gauhati in connection with election I could not reply the same in time. Hope you will excuse me for the same. More over I could not discuss the matter with President or General Secy. They were very busy with election before election and now busy with cabinet making bussiness after election. I shall discuss the matter when they will be free.

Smti Mukul Mukherjee In-charge Woman's Dept of A.I.C.C came to Assam last month, she also was very much disappointed with the Woman's dept's as well as Seva Dal woman wing's activities. After returning from here she wrote to my P.C.C to appoint me as convener of Woman's Dept. I do not know how my P.C.C will take this. They may or may not allow me to take one particular dept.

Now I am busy with compilation of election reports to A.I.C.C, analysis of election results like a calculating machine etc Hope I shall be able to free within a few days. But Dr Shakeb, I am very much pleased that I could learn so many things through the organisation.

Probably you have got the news of our election. It is beyond our imagination. Our President is defeated by a R.C.P.I Candidate. We have lost both the assembly and H.P. Seat- from Gauhati one to C.P.I and the other to P.S.P. We had to face some more reverse results. Still, what God have

done, is done for good. Now one can understand the shortcomings and defects of our organisation. We shall try at least to mend these defects.

Regarding my opinion of joining actively in Seva-Dal. I told you at Gauhati, every thing clearly. When you took the full responsibility of organisation, I had nothing but to submit to you. I shall be really glad if I can do something to my fellow sisters through Seva Dal. I am ready to work, whenever my superiors put me. So please discuss yourself the matter with General Secy or President.

I had talked over phone to Sri Anandji regarding the case of Sri Sarma. I have requested Singji to proceede to Naga hills and redirected all his papers lying in Seva Dal office. At present I do not know the whereabouts of Singji, he was at Shillong upto 10th morning after that nobody knows where he is.

Hope you are in the same healthy and spirit as I met you last. I am of course in the same condition as you met me last. I do not know Dr Shaheb, why, whenever I remember you, your memory always leads me to the memory of my father.

Nothing more. With my kindest regards.

Yours affectionately,

Renu

Prafulla Chandra Borooah

SIBSAGAR,
ASSAM

March 18, 1957.

My dear Hardikerji,

Your very kind letter of 18th ultimo reached me at a time when all of us buried deep in the election works. The Election is over now and so far as my district is concerned, it has done fairly good except the major reverse in the defeat of Shri Bimala Prosad Chaliha, President, A.P.C.C. at the hands of a R.C.P.I. leader. This has resulted in a far reaching consequence in our Pradesh. So far as my election is concerned, the counting is not yet finished. The announcement will be made on 21st instant.

Regarding the gift there was nothing in mind except offering you, who has put in the lifelong service and sacrifice for the cause of organisation of volunteers in the country, my respect on the eccasion of your august visit to this far off little town of ours.

Regarding the next Session of the Congress, I am glad to say that my services will be at your disposal. I have also been made the Secretary of the Finance Committee of the Ad-hoc Reception Committee already formed.

So far as the road, the construction of which the Sevadal undertook during the Rally, is concerned, it is yet in need of somecearth works here and there, though some works I am told were done by local youths after us. I am writing to the Project Officer, P.O. Demow, Sibsagar about it to-day.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

Shri N.S. Hardiker,
10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi.

IMMEDIATE

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Dr. N.S. Hardiker
MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT
(RAJYA SABHA)

10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi

29th August, 1957

My dear Karmarkar,

You will pardon me if I write to you this letter and place before you the grievance of Dr. P.R. Kulkarni, M.B.B.S., D.O.R.L., who is serving in the E.N. and T. Department of the Safdarjang Hospital, New Delhi. In order to enable you to understand the whole situation I am sending you herewith a copy of the letter that I have received from Dr. Kulkarni. It throws full light on his grievance.

When the necessity for experts in all technical lines, including medicine, is felt so badly in our country, it is surprising to note the attitude of the authority of the Safdarjang Hospital in turning down Dr. Kulkarni's application for leave, which he had specially asked for in order to enable him to appear for the M.S. Examination. It is too bad, indeed! Is it not possible for you to see that Dr. Kulkarni gets the required leave immediately, whether with or without pay, in order to prosecute his studies further? I am not interested in enquiring as to why he has been refused the leave he had applied for. I am only interested in seeing that he becomes an expert in his subject and serve the country when it needs technical experts most.

I know the young man from his childhood and therefore I have no hesitation in saying that he will not misuse any facility that is given to

P.T.O.

him in order to further ~~equip~~ add to his knowledge and brush it up, if necessary.

I know very well that the matter is safe in your hands.

Your brother,

M. S. Hardikar

Shri D.P. Karmarkar,
Minister of Health,
Government of India,
DELHI

Copy of a letter from Dr. P.R. Kulkarni, M.B.B.S., D.O.R.L., New Delhi, to Dr. N.S. Hardiker, M.P., New Delhi dated 28-8-1957.

I have to write to you about a difficulty of mine, with a hope that you will be able to help me or advise me. As you know, I have to appear for M.S. part II examination of the Bombay University in the second week of October. I applied for leave but it was not sanctioned. I think I will give all the details so that you will be able to know the situation.

On 30th July I applied for 47 days leave from 2nd September to 19th October, to enable me to prepare and appear for the exam. The request was turned down with a strange note, "You have been here for nearly two years. I suggest that you resign and after M.S. try for bigger jobs." Thereafter I saw the Medical Superintendent personally but he was unable to furnish me with any plausible reasons for refusing to grant my leave. Also I do not understand why the suggestion for resigning was made.

It is common knowledge that Government always give sympathetic consideration and encourages its employeds to advance their studies and field of work as the same would help them to discharge their work better and more efficiently You will also appreciate that in medical profession the posts of Housesurgeons and especially Registrars are particularly meant for postgraduate studies. As such it is normally expected that leave with or without pay would be granted without hesitation.

I would cite examples that in other departments of this very hospital one registrar was granted about two and a half months extra-ordinary leave after a service of only two months or so. Another registrar was granted six weeks of extra-ordinary leave for purely private reasons, after he had exhausted all the earned and half-pay leave. In my own department a House-Surgeon was given three weeks of extra-ordinary leave for the purpose of marriage and the same person was given three weeks of extra-ordinary leave for pleasure trip when he was working in another department, as a house-surgeon. The post of a house surgeon is of six months tenure only. When such liberal action has been taken towards granting leave, I do not understand why there is an exception in my case. On would certainly expect the rules to be uniformly applied to all.

The authorities never mentioned to me that they will find it difficult to spare me at this time. Tonsil operations are being done in greater numbers now to finish the waiting list. This may perhaps be put as the reason for not sanctioning my leave. But this was not the reason given to me at any time. The Hospital can certainly make alternative arrangements on a temporary basis. There are other House surgeons who will probably be too glad to get the operative chances.

Out of the 47 days leave asked for, 11 days earned leave is to my credit, 20 days can be given as half-pay leave and only 16 days need be given as extra-ordinary leave. I have not taken any extra-ordinary leave before in this post.

You know my family difficulties. If you are convinced of the injustice done to me, I am sure you will do what you can to help me.

One point I forgot to mention. The M.S. has said that I have been here for nearly two years. I have been in this job for only one year and five months and this post is for three years.

I am very sorry for the trouble I am giving you, but under the circumstances I thought it best to approach you for advice and help.

NIJALINGAPPA, B.A., LL.B.
Chief Minister of Mysore.

CARLTON HOUSE,
BANGALORE-1.

CH-2399-2433

23-9-57

D.O.No. C&ID 43 RLY 57

My Dear Hardiker,

Subject:- New Railway Lines for Mysore State during the II Five Year Plan period.

There has been considerable agitation from the public for construction of certain railway lines in Mysore State which on the one hand will connect important centres of the State for purposes of trade and make certain areas of the State accessible for exploitation of resources which will help in its development and on the other, provide a net work of communications for the travelling public. Although the matter has been taken up with the Government of India officially in respect of certain lines, I believe you would like to have the latest information on the subject and also voice the wishes of the people of Karnatak in Parliament I may add that since the railways have passed from the State control to Central Control, no addition has been made in the railway mileage of Mysore State. The following are the railway lines which may kindly be pressed for construction:-

1. Chamarajanagar - Satyamangalam - Coimbatore:

The public of Mysore have been agitating for this railway connection for nearly 30 years. If this railway line is constructed, it will connect Mysore with the important trading centres of Satyamangalam and Coimbatore. The Government of India have taken up construction of the Kandva and Hingoli rail link and this would be of great use to Mysore if a connection to Coimbatore and railway connection to Cochin Harbour is given. Further, this will connect the North with the South by the metre gauge section. It is a vital link. Sri Gopalaswamy Iyengar had made a statement in the last budget speech that this link would be taken up. His successor Sri Lal Bahadur Shastry had made a definite promise that this line would be taken up.

2. Kadur - Chickamagalur - Mangalore:

The public of Malnad and Chickamagalur District have been agitating for a long time for a rail link between Kadur-Chickamagalur and Mudigere, Saklespur - Mangalore, as this is an area where coffee, tea, pepper, cardamom are largely grown. This was agreed to by the Mysore Govern-

Government before financial integration and was only delayed by the war.

Hassan-Mangalore railway line:

This line is an important one, and the link is essential for port connection. This is only a part or an adjunct to item 2.

3. Hubli - Karwar Line or Ankhawar - Dandeli:- Karwar Line: This line is being demanded during the last more than 20 years. Now that Dandeli is fast developing into an industrial town and the entire North Kanara and the surrounding area which is full of manganese and iron ore can be served by this Railway for exploitation and export through Karwar port which even in its present undeveloped state can serve our purpose.

4. Chitaldrug - Rayadurg line:

This also has been surveyed and the demand for it is for long number of years. It serves a backward area to develop itself.

5. Kottur- Davanagere - Bhadravati Line:

This is similar to item 4 and is being pressed for from a long time.

6. The former Government of Hyderabad had recommended to the Government of India, priority for a railway line for Raichur District. Considering the needs of the new Mysore State, a railway line between Rayabhag to Raichur via Bagalkot and Ilkal is necessary. If the line could be continued to Kothagudam in Andhra State, it would assist us in obtaining supplies of coal from the Singareni collieries. Large part of this very vital line is, I believe, surveyed.

7. Bangalore - Hassan Railway line:

This line has been surveyed by the Railway authorities and they were informed that the railway line via Bangalore - Bannerghatta - Anekal was preferred to the one via Dommasandra and Sarjapur

8. Mysore - Virajpet - Tellicherry:

This railway line is very important for the development of the malnad area including Coorg and the southern part of Kerala. This is a proposal for connecting towns like Bankepalli, Virajpet etc., in Coorg which have a heavy traffic in Coffee, spices, wood etc., for connection with Tellicherry on the Broad-gauge line Calicut to Mangalore.

9. All these lines help to open up the Malnad and the other part which is a large hinterland and connect them with the West coast which is gaining importance in view of the proposed improvements of ports and establishment of a major port on our coast.

10. I further learn that the World Bank is going to grant Government of India a loan of about ~~Rs~~ 800 to 900 ~~Rs~~ crores of rupees earmarked for development of railways in Backward areas.

I would, therefore, urge that the above railway lines may be immediately taken up for consideration.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. N.S.Hardiker, M.P.,
19, South Avenue,
New Delhi.

V. VISWANATHAN

Triplicane, Madras-5
28th January 1958.

Revered Doctor,

My happiness knew no bounds when I learnt that a well-deserved honour was conferred on you by the Government of Bharath. I know how embarrassed you must have felt on this conferment, knowing you as I do, but we, who had the good fortune to know you intimately and obey your commands, -- were they commands I wonder -- know how richly you deserve this belated honour.

My heart is too full to write anything more.

With my prayers to the Almighty that you will live long, so that society may be richer by the selfless service you will be vouchsafed to render thereby,

Your Brother,

(V. Viswanathan)

Padmabhushan Dr. N. S. Hardikar, M.P.,
HUBLI.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR'S CAMP,
May 3, 1959.

My dear Hardiker,

I thank you for your kind letter dated April 28. I was glad to hear from you. It does seem a long time since last we met. I am glad that the Maharaja of Mysore paid a visit to your very beautiful and useful Institute after I had seen it myself. I hope every assistance will be extended to you by his Government. You have my very best wishes for success in your noble venture.

As regards the opening of the Institute by the Prime Minister, you will please appreciate that I am nowhere in the picture. If it had been even in the State of Bombay, I might have thought of putting in a word. As it is, I must ask you to take the initiative yourself. I have no doubt he will respond to your wishes as an old friend and colleague. I am very distressed to hear that you have been so ill. I do hope you have shaken off your fever by now and are your normal self again. Delhi is very hot at this time and you have to take care of yourself. The Houses of the Legislature are air-conditioned and that makes matters worse, for the difference between the outside and the inside atmosphere is very great and one is inclined to get ill. One has, therefore, to be cautious.

Thanking you for writing to me and wishing you all well.

I am,
With kind regards,
Yours sincerely,

Sri Prakasa

(Sri Prakasa)

Dr. N.S.Hardiker, M.P.,
No.1, D-1 Type,
Diplomatic Enclave,
NEW DELHI.-1.

10, Akbar Road,
New Delhi

May 25, 1959

My dear Doctor Sahib,

I have your two post cards, one of the 16th from Buldana and the other of the 19th from Bombay. I saw your post card to Rajabai also of the 19th. I have noted what you write about the accounts. It is all right if you study it and send back the same at your convenience. But Doctor Sahib, I need not repeat to you that it is to be kept strictly confidential and absolutely within yourself. Under any circumstances it is not desirable that either Rajabai or Sahab should come to know that you have seen these rough notes of mine. As you know, already my integrity is being questioned by Sahab, for reasons best known to him, and that is why even Rajabai has started feeling that my absence from there could do more good to her than my presence.

Anyway, the purpose in my sending you those papers as well as the other details was quite different. Many of my friends and colleagues have vague and strange notions about my finances. They think that I am a bachelor and since I have no particular responsibility of my own I should have with me quite a good bank balance, out of the amount that I earn every month. But I wanted to reveal the correct position at least to one person. The very fact that even now I remain unmarried is because of the responsibility that I feel to my parents. With the limited income that I get I know it is not possible for me to maintain on a decent scale a family in Delhi as well as support my parents and younger brother and sister. I can do only either of these. First and foremost I feel my responsibility is to my parents, my brother and sister. My marriage, on the other hand, is a question which I can decide and I can postpone it to any later date when I feel that I have sufficient income to meet both the expenses or come to a decision not to have it at all should my present circumstances do not show any change to the better. But except me who knows my real condition.

After all things have developed here in such a manner that I feel that I am the victim of certain circumstances. Otherwise even now it is not clear for me as to why Sahab should feel any doubt about my conduct. As you know, from the beginning both of them have been extremely kind and generous to me in all ways and it is only that reciprocity that I found in them that made me to be so attached to them. And in fact, many people have even suspected that I am a nephew or cousin of Sahab or Rajabai. When I was in Bombay last, even Abba mistook me for Rajabai's nephew and Gopu as Sahab's nephew. But it is Nalinie who corrected him later.

If they have not been so good to me, perhaps my attitude towards them also would have had its own different approach. But from the time that Gopu was here both of them treated me just as Gopu. Naturally there was no reason for me not to behave in

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any other way than that of Gopu. I took there all the liberties that Gopu has taken and would have taken even now, if he were there. But now I feel that what I did was wrong, and in a way I am responsible for all this misunderstanding. I should not have behaved so freely there and taken all the liberties which came in my way. I should have remained there only as a friend or an outsider and never behaved as a member of the family. In that case, perhaps all this suspicion and doubts about my own conduct could have been avoided. Well, now one can only view all this quite hypothetically and suggest ways and means, because whatever has happened has happened and there is no use talking about it.

In my last letter I told you that I have stopped going there for lunch in the afternoons. For 4 or 5 days I did not go there at all. But to tell you frankly, it was a test to my own will power. I found that it was somewhat impossible for me to keep aloof like that. It was something like this: Ever since I came into contact with you, whenever you are in Delhi, I come to you and do whatever work you ask me to do. Suddenly, if you decide to stop me from coming to you, naturally I would feel quite bad about it and it will be a source of some constant worry for me. It was such a feeling that I was having. From 10 to 5 during the day I come and remain in 10 Akbar Road. Previously, when I used to go to Rajabai's for lunch I used to spend at least 1 to 2 hours there and at that time I used to lighten my worries by talking to her, because, as you know, I am as frank with her as one can ever be. I know frankness is a bad trait in me and I have suffered for that. But I do not intend to give it up whatever may be the unpleasantness.

During these few days when I had to remain alone here, I do not know what all thoughts came to my mind. There is no one even to talk to me here. At least, if I were in the office, there would have been some friends with whom I could speak. Here even that privilege was denied to me. So all the time, without any work or even any one to talk to, my mind was just like a devil's workshop, thinking about anything and everything and sometimes quite unnecessary things, worrying about myself. With all this when I go home I never used to feel my self again there also. I used to feel that I have created a lot of unpleasantness all round. I have given offence to so many and hurt the feelings of many. There are some friends, however, whose generosity and good nature tolerate me and help me in all possible ways, though I do not always deserve their affection and regard. And what is in future, the same type of life with little change in fundamentals except that there would be some promotions, more quarrels and ultimately retirement and then a senile life till death knocks at the door and saves the world and its people from further trouble from me.

Then I felt if I continue like this it would not be good. So last Saturday I went to Rajabai's in the afternoon. I did not take any lunch from there, but I spent quite some time with Rajabai. Then I told her quite frankly that though I can avoid going there for lunch, she should not ask me to stop going there often. I told her that if she insists on that that would tell upon me

very badly. She did not reply to that, but added that I might go there on holidays when the Sahab also will be present there. But Doctor Sahib, as I explained to you above, it is certainly not possible for me to await a holiday for going there. After all in my heart of hearts I have not done any harm to them. My attachment to them has developed and grown in such a manner that it is something next to impossible for me to cut off my relationship with them so quickly. Perhaps, if I slowly try, little by little I may be able to remain absolutely aloof from them. But to cut me off from them so suddenly is something beyond my will power.

Yesterday being Sunday I went there again in the morning itself and stayed on till late in the evening. Sahab also was there. He was of course as usual quite normal in his dealings with me. It seems Sahab has made enquiries from Choni as to how he collected so much money, etc. Then Choni admitted that he used to pinch small cash from Sahab's pocket and also show enhanced rates for vegetables, etc. in the account and thus collected this much money. But this has made me Choni's enemy. From that day onwards he does not talk to me at all. Even if I go to him for something he refuses to talk to me. Perhaps Sahab must have revealed to him that it is I who gave evidence against him about certain things. Anyway, that is all for the present.

I am writing all this so frankly and openly, because I have your generous assurance that it is not at all a trouble for you to go through these silly stories about myself.

As regards the Social Welfare Centre, I shall telephone to Miss Shanta Vasisht and go to the Centre some time in the beginning of next month, because at that time the Guttals are planning to leave Delhi. Then it will be possible for me to go there at any time. Just now I am under their surveillance, I mean they are watching whether I come to office in time and whether on any particular day I go a little early, etc., etc.

More later. With regards,

Yours,

Gopi

P.S. I am sending herewith a copy of Pilka's letter which was received by me yesterday, because there are certain portions in it which might interest you.

MINISTER FOR WORKS,
HOUSING & SUPPLY,
INDIA.

New Delhi,
August 10, 1959.
Sravana 19, 1881.

I thank the Chairman and Members of the Governing Council of the Karnatak Health Institute, Ghataprabha, for their kind invitation to the inaugural function of Dr. Miss Mahajan Maternity Training Centre and wish the function and the Training Centre all success.

K.C. Reddy

(K.C. Reddy)

PROF. DR. RAGHU VIRA
Member of Parliament
(Rajya Sabha)

Phone: 72700
J22, Hauz Khas Enclave
NEW DELHI-16.

1st June, 1960

My Colleague,

Failure seems to be the natural outcome of Summit meetings of men with opposing aims. The Summit meeting in New Delhi accentuated the impossibility of giving reason to the aggressive Chinese by means of talks on a common table. It caused despondency in the hearts of many. Only the anti national elements in the country were secretly happy.

The grabbing of the Indian border is too serious a matter and the failure of one approach has to be alternated with another approach that would yield the desired result.

Negotiations is one way. Building military strength to support the negotiations is another. Seeking allies is the third. In the sphere of negotiations eyes of our men, who run the State of India, were set on the Paris Summit Conference. It was believed that an improvement in East-West relations would help in easing the Indian border situation. How, and in what measure, was not envisaged. It is a matter of detail and we hate details; and so we never attempted to figure out the details.

The Paris Conference failed before it started on its agenda. Its founders shattered it most violently. Personal relations that had been built up laboriously were also savagely smashed.

We, who have been thinking and talking of the best and have been waiting for the best, present strange contrast to the Chinese, who are happy and joyous and are even celebrating the failure of the Summit. Chinese and Indian objectives stand on opposite ends of the pole, the lowering of one end meaning the automatic levering up of the other.

My objective in writing to you is a simple and straight pointing out that we have to seek for the alternative to infructuous Summit negotiations.

I am an admirer of the Chinese and I can appreciate what their aims are and how rosy they are. The attraction is worthwhile all the risks and

dangers that their marches involve. Chinese boys and girls, men and women are full of ardour for an expanded China, as big as the land-mass and archipelagos of Asia itself. India is the key and the door to mastery of Asia.

It is difficult for an average Indian to share the vision. To him it is an anachronism and a pathogenic state of mind. It is sheer lunacy. But when 600 million men become lunatics, it is no longer a safe world to live in dreams. And safety is essential. So we have to think, rethink, revise and act adequately and swiftly, prepare heavily and proportionately.

As in the Rigveda, the Army is still the arm of the nation. How long and massive is the Indian arm in comparison to the Chinese one? A successful nation must have the long arm. This again is in keeping with the ancient tradition. A Rama is always a dīrgha-bāhu दीर्घ-बाहु .

One of the foremost aims of Chinese army is the creation of a quantitatively enormous force. It is the biggest army in the world ranging between five and six millions. The numbers are being monthly enhanced. There is more and more of conscription, more and more of drilling and more and more of marching.

On our own borders there are no less than six divisions or about one lakh men on the NEFA borders and another eight divisions or about one lakh and twenty thousand soldiers on and within the Ladakh border. More and more forces are moving into Tibet and Sinkiang. Strategic roads bring their weekly quotas to the front and back roads of the Indo-Tibetan border.

India must, out of sheer challenge, meet the situation squarely, man for man, division for division. As I have stated in one of my previous notes, Chinese lines of communication are far longer and hazard-ous than our own, and it is easier for us then for them to arm the Himalayan ridge.

Summoning youngmen to volunteer for the Territorial Army and complaining privately or in public that enough youngmen are not responding, is tinkering with the problem. What is needed is not the issuing of appeals by one or two persons in a few dozen cities, but the introduction of conscription slowly and steadily from one area to another.

Conscription is now a national emergency. Pacifistic and Quacker-like denunciations of conscription must be energetically met. Nothing but conscription

can meet the situation. Conscription can best start with border areas, increasing in depth from 100 to 200 miles. The first course of training may be short, followed by longer courses. Emergency troops should be sent to the borders and while waiting, their training can be continued in situ, not on the front line but on the second or third line of defence, 50 or 100 or even more miles from the frontier. Acclimitization, acquaintance with the hills and dales, is as essential as the handling of arms.

I know that I shall be taken to task for proffering the view, that not in the next one year our fighting strength should be increased by a million men, the future years will have to maintain this enhancement so that within a measurable time we shall match the Chinese forces quantitatively. In the present mood of the country one might well consider it impossible and impracticable. But the irrepressible will to meet the Chinese challenge will help in changing the mood. Once the determination is there, matters will move quicker than most of us can envisage today.

Enhancement in the strength of the army has its corollary in the expansion of our defence industries. Some recognition has been given to the fact already and during the course of chastisement of his critics, the Prime Minister himself spoke of heavy industries as the basis of defence. But what the Prime Minister has missed consciously or otherwise, is that defence industry itself becomes the foundation of future heavy civil industry. Military preparations will bring about the industrial development of the nation far more quickly and heavily than the current civil Five Year Plans. The employment potential of defence industries, transport and communications etc. is enormous. It may look perverted, but it is true that production in all sectors and areas will be doubled, tripled and quadruped. Civil effort will be superceded and the nation will be put on a higher plateau of existence. In fact defence and development will march shoulder to shoulder and hand in hand.

Enhancement in defensive power does not mean the negation of pursuing global peace aims and the usual diplomatic activity carried through normal diplomatic channels. Only, our negotiations will have increasing sanctions behind them, sanctions of a new will and a vitalized muscle, with

the introduction of which our diplomacy will bear a healthier look, with less of hesitation, more of confidence, and above all a greater progress in the direction of national objectives.

Raghuvira

(Prof.Dr.Raghu Vira,M.P.)

To members of the Congress Party in Parliament.

WHAT SHOULD THE SIZE OF THE INDIAN ARMY BE?

My dear colleague,

In this article I shall offer a comparative study of the post-war armies of Russia, Eastern Europe and our immediate neighbour China. This brief statement may help us to formulate our own plan.

1(a). I shall start with Poland which is the best military organisation among the States of Eastern Europe. Since the war the army has been thoroughly Sovietized. It has also been increased in size. The present strength is estimated to be over 2,30,000, or .8% of her total population of 30 millions. Its expenses amount to 10% of the total budget of Poland. There is an extensive network of senior officers whose length of service in the Soviet Army amounts in certain cases to a quarter of a century.

This stresses the importance of retaining our experienced officers in the Indian Army as long as they are physically and mentally fit.

Beside the Army, there is a huge para-military organization in Poland, numbering over one million, in which children from the age of 15 years learn musketry, parachute jumping and anti-aircraft defence.

Para-military organisations in Poland and elsewhere are an overall instrument for the defence of the nation. There is no such arrangement in India. While the regular army is heavily trained and equipped for pitched battles and serves both for defending the country as well as for pursuing the enemy far beyond the nation's own frontiers, a para-military organisation is an auxilliary force to help the regular army in numerous ways. In case of an invasion, it surprises the enemy's forces as guerrillas and incapacitates it, cutting off its supplies, blowing off bridges and roads, causing harassment through unforeseen

measures of sabotage, and making victims of soldiers and officers through sniping at dusk or at night, laying mines, shooting aeroplanes, para-chuting in their rear, etc.

Where is there such an organisation in India. Even the capital city of Delhi is defenceless. So also the seaports, shipyards, railway junctions, mines, steel plants and even military installations. On the other hand, a metropolitan city like Warsaw, Prague or Moscow has about 7% of the population trained as musket men, parachute jumpers, air-attack defenders and emergency workers for gas and nuclear attacks. Moscow's number of para-military men is over five lakhs. Correspondingly, Delhi requir s two lakhs. Similarly every other centre of population must have its trained defenders, guerrillas and shockfighters.

(b) The Southern neighbour of Poland is Czechoslovakia. Since 1948 when the Communists seized power, they made a thorough purge of all who served in the West. Thousands of all ranks were placed on the retired list. There were no Czechs or Slovaks who had experience of serving in the upper hierarchy of the Soviet Army. Hence Communist civilians were drafted into the Army and trained as officers. The current strength of the army is about 1,70,000 men, forming 1.4 percent of the total population (12 millions). The para-military organisation has a strength of 7 lakhs or 6 per cent of the population.

(c) Hungary with a population of nine million has an army of 1,30,000 men or 1.5 per cent of the population. In order to assure its ideological character it had to be started from scratch, it had to be built from human resources of Communist's own choosing.

(d) The current strength of Rumanian forces is 1,90,000, or 1.1 per cent of her total population (17 millions).

(e) For her small population of seven millions, Bulgaria has proportionately the largest and most powerful army i.e. 1,72,000 men or 2.4 per cent of the population. Para-military organisation is half a million or 7.6 per cent.

(f) Now let us compare the above with the figures of the Russian army whose strenght is 25,00,000. As in the case of East European countries, the strength of the Soviet army has been reduced during the last few years. Reduction was made possible by the increase in technical efficiency and striking power of the new weapons.

What is specifically worthy of note for Indians is that in spite of possessing the deadliest weapons of mass destruction and the largest air fleet, the Russian forces still form no less than 1.25 per cent of the total population. As to para-military organisations, entitled DOSAAF, their strength is 15 millions or 7.5 per cent.

(g) Coming to China, their Army forms 6 millions or 1 per cent of the population. It includes labour squads for making strategic roads, railways, bridges, tunnels and air-fields.

The above comparative study in the strength of armies will indicate in a general way as to what the requirements of Indian defence are. We have already a nucleus army of half a million men or 1.25 in a thousand in place of in a hundred or just one-eighth to one-tenth of what it should be in comparison with other military nations of the Eastern world. In actual figures, thirty to fifty lakhs of soldiers are indicated.

Phasing in time as well as the financial and industrial effort are not beyond the capacity of the nation. Only the nation will have to muster itself up just as other nations have done. One per cent of soldie 7½ % of para-military, and conscription of 25 per cent population has been found to be practical in every Easte country. In China, 25% has been increased to 50% conscripted population. Those who credit such immense effor to the ruthlessness of communism will find their answer in the fact that non-Communist nations of Europe have resort d to conscription for many decades without ruinin their economies or lowering their standards of existence and development.

Our territorial army and National Cadet Corps, which may be said to be the counterpart of East European para-military organizations, are even le s than half a million. They have to be increased t over fifty time to come upto the level of Big Pow rs like Russia or smal countries like Poland or Bulgaria.

In actual figur s the half a million residentia units of India will require double the size of Russian DOSAAF men & women namely three crores. Similarly conscription will affect about ten crore males on the Russian pattern and twenty crores men and women on the Chinese pattern.

2. It needs to be sunk deep into the consciousness of Free India that in 1946, Moscow launched a campaign against "Belly-crawling before Foreigners". It was calculated to put an end to all feeling of fear to western opponents and to help cultivate in the Soviet soldiers a spirit of daring and invincibility. A similar campaign is highly called for in India. Only this campaign has to be directed

not so much to the men serving in our forces as to men sitting in Parliament, to men who direct the general policies of the nation.

Big armies and bigger para-organisations are maintained by universal conscription of young males. Selection of one percent out of 25 per cent conscripted population leads to extra-ordinary efficiency.

3. Now we revert to China in some detail.

On August 28, 1958, the Central Committee of China's Communist Party surprised the world by the publication of a resolution which announced the most violent social experiment in history - the transformation of 750,000 villages or Agricultural Producers' Cooperatives into 26,000 People's Communes. All ownership in land, tools, houses and house-equipment came to an end. Families were broken up and children were to grow up in mass nurseries and kindergartens. Families were separated by the formation of "Workers' Brigades" which moved wherever work moved them. Family tombs were levelled and the remains of the dead were partly used as fertilizers. This is the commencement of the final stage of idealistic communism.

Alongwith the announcement of the establishment of Communes, August 1958 saw the publication of an all-pervasive decree - "Every peasant a Soldier". Agriculture industry, trade and education were put under military command. The peasant ceased to be a peasant. He became exclusively a soldier, everything being done to the shrill sound of the whistle blasts. The peasant first works in the field, then he is given instruction under arms. Military drill is the underlying principle of the design of all communes. Practically all physically fit Chinese men and women have been incorporated in this militia. Even small children have been forced to drill

with wooden toy-guns. Hsin Hua has boasted that 60 crore Chinese are now Citizen-soldiers.

Regimentation of women in military units, general military orientation of education and combining of work and military drill are the most characteristic features of Chinese totalistic conscription.

The para-military organisations of Russia and Eastern Europe are quantitatively superseded by the Chinese militia.

4. What is India's duty after the last twelve years of little attention paid to the expansion of her armed forces. The emergence of Kashmir as a trouble spot saved us from a sentimental adherence to the view that all conflicts, all situations and all foes can be conquered and vanquished by the administration of dozes of milk of human kindness.

As we face the advance of Chinese aggression and as we look on to her rapid advances in the building of roads and air-strips from the base of Mount Everest up to Rudok, we have to take the alert and be up and doing. What are we to do is clear beyond all doubts. We have to prepare to meet the danger that is being built up yard by yard, soldier by soldier, plane by plane, gun by gun. Let us not ask too many questions. Our country is full of doubters and obstructors who have befogged the horizon. There are organized parties and platforms whose mission it is to keep the nation sleeping with pills of heavy narcotics.

But the danger is hammering our northern ramparts with fiendish prowls and amassing hordes to flood the small brave army of half a million Indians.

The Congress is the only organisation which stands for India and Indian freedom. Other parties there may be. But they are too small, too weak and too limited in

their functioning. That places the heaviest load on the thinking and acting of the Congress Party. As the ruling Party, the Congress has all the instruments of power and prestige secure in its hands. The Congress is the counterpart of the Communist Party in China, Eastern Europe and Russia.

Before 1947, the Congress fought without arms. In 1948, the Congress Government used its full armed might to stop the invasion of Kashmir. Now we have invasion on a vaster scale and by a bigger power with a ruthless objective of world domination. Already we have lost over 10,000 square miles of our territory. To find solace by repeating to ourselves, that it is not inhabited, gives a glimpse of the deplorable state of our minds.

As an old saying has it, fire and foe are easy to be met and extinguished as sparks and tiny intruders. But fire and foe both grow with tremendous rapidity into sky-high flames and avalanches of predatory marauders, so that nothing short of the entire nation in arms can stop them and ultimately roll them back.

5. Fellow-Congressmen and Compatriots, how long will you go on watching with stony eyes. The nation has cast its vote for you. A corner of Mother-India's crown, the proud terrain of Aksai Chin, has been raped.

Instead of being whipped into silence, the members of the party have to be whipped up into purposeful activity. Members of the Congress Party in Parliament have to come to grips with the sloth and lethargy which has characterized their view of defence.

Defence is paramount and supreme. Integrity, security and liberty of the nation stand above all. Defence is life. No theory or ideology stands outside life.

Let us not wait. There is no time to wait. Let every Congress-man in the Parliament take a stern vow for the defence of the Country and her honour.

It is not an individual or a group which is to be protected and retained in power. It is the entire country, the entire nation.

May be that my words should strike a sympathetic chord in your heart and brace you up to work for expanding the defensive network of the nation. If so, let me have the honour to know.

With deep anguish in this hour of crisis of defensive thinking and planning, I beg to remain a humble devoted son of the soil,

New Delhi,
24.6.60.

Raghu Vira.

To

All Members of the Congress Party in Parliament.

D.O.No.F.23-1/60-H.

MINISTER FOR HEALTH
INDIA
NEW DELHI

1st July, 1960.

My dear Doctor,

I have received your letters. I note that you have invited the Prime Minister for opening the Out-door department. Rudy I will speak to him also when the opportunity arises. I hope this finds you in the best of health and cheer

Yours sincerely,

D.P. Karmarkar

(D.P. Karmarkar)

Dr. N.S.Hardikar, MP.,
C/O "Jai Hind" Weekly,
Hubli, Distt. Dharwar.
(Via Bombay)

Kamalnayan Bajaj

Phone : Office 255721
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51 MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD
BOMBAY 1

८ जुलाई १९६०.

प्रिय श्री हार्डिकरजी,

आपका पत्र ता.२६ अप्रैल का मिला था. श्री गोपालकृष्ण देशपांडे आपका पत्र लेकरक आया था और मुझे मिल गया. इस समय हमारे पास कोई जगह उनके लायक खाली नहीं है, फिर भी मुख्य आदमी से मैंने उनको मिलाया जिससे कि उनकी जानकारी में रहे. बंबई में रहने की जगह भी मिलना बड़ा मुश्किल हो जाता है. यह कठिनाई है.

आपके यहां पर आने की मेरी इच्छा है और पार्लमेंट के सेशन के पहले भी मैं आ सकता तो बहुत अच्छा रहता, लेकिन कई कारणों से इस समय मेरा निकलना मुश्किल होगा. आज तो मैं जा रहा हूं जयपुर, दिल्ली, और वहां से करीब २०-२२ तक लौटूंगा और फिर आखिरी सप्ताह में वर्धा में सेवाग्राम की बाबत विचार करने के लिये ढेबरभाई,-- गांधी निधि की तरफ से अेक कमेटी बनाई हुई है, वहां विचार करने को आयेंगे उस समय भी मुझे वहां रहना होगा. अभी बरसात का भी मौसम है और खास जल्दी की स्थिति में न हो तो बरसात के बाद में रहें तो ठीक होगा

आपका,

श्री अेन.अेस. हार्डिकर, अेम.पी.,
घटप्रभा, जि. बेलगाम.

D.O.No. 15-1/61-HM.

MINISTER FOR HEALTH
INDIA
NEW DELHI

13th September, 1961.

My Dear Doctor,

Your kind letter from Bombay dated the 10th instt. I am happy that Dr. Vaidya left for Canada on the 10th night. I am quite sure that he will benefit much by the visit. I hope this finds you in the best of health and cheer.

Yours sincerely,

D P Karmarkar

(D.P.KARMARKAR)

Dr. N.S.Hardikar, MP.,
Ghataprabha Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Distt. Belgaum.
(Mysore State)

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(POST BOX 6606), MATUNGA, BOMBAY-19

Date 2nd December 1961.

My Dear Dr. Hardikar,

I received yours of yesterday's date. It is kind of you to so prompt inspite of your heavy engagements and especially this time of the year with the General Elections at the door.

It is now so very very long since we first met in New York where yourself and your Assistant Mr. Rao were carrying on intensive publicity and propoganda for the Indian Freedom cause. You may also remember Mr. Bharat, Mr. Sawant, Mr. Pardesi, Mr. Patil, Mr. Jadhav who formed a young batch. For a few days after remaining in a costly American Hotel I moved on to Mrs. Chambers' Private Boarding House which was cheaper. It was this Mrs. Chambers who later married Mr. Nayak and they were married later and came down to India. This year of my arrival in America was one of acute unemployment and after some time in New York at your advice we moved on to Detroit where jobs were likely at Ford Company; we were then accompanied by your associate Mr. Rao who died some time after at a very young age. Most of us boys of the above batch settled down on East Lafayette Street not

far from the Main G.P.O. of Detroit. You used to off and lecture on visit us while on tour in the Middle West States and we were proud to have you as our guest. You may remember that fashionable on my arrival at New York City I presented you with a walking stick which I had bought in London and which you appreciated for its beautiful workmanship.

Out of my batch I took to lecturing on Indian topics once I got settled down after just about four months' work at Henry Ford Company. I gathered lot of experiences during the eleven years that I stayed in America and met some great American personalities amongst whom Mr. Dr. Sunderland, Marcus Garvey, Mr. Anthony Overton, Mr. Abbot, Founder-Editor of the Chicago Defender were some. I remember the time when our Late Mrs. Sarojini Naidu was the chief guest speaker together with Madame Jane Adams Founder of the famous Hull House of Chicago known the world over as a great Social Welfare Centre. You used to draw my great admiration because of your utmost sincerity, intense passion for the work of espousing the Indian Freedom cause in America. On my return we had met a few times at Congress House and Robert Money School Compound where special functions were arranged. Once on my way from my home town Udipi I had broken my journey to meet you at Hubli where I found you more like in an Ashram which you had built and where many political and social workers came for your advice and guidance.

I have no copies of my journal "The Journalist" except one bound volume of some issues and that too borrowed

HORNIMAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM

(First and Foremost Institution)

ESTD : 1936

DEGREE & DIPLOMA *Courses :* REPORTING - SUBEDITING - SHORT STORY - ADVERTISING
PRESS PHOTOGRAPHY - FILM STORY WRITING
SCENARIO - PUBLIC RELATIONS, ETC.

POST-BOX 6606
MATUNGA, BOMBAY 19

Ref. No. - 3 - *Date*

from one of my students. My journal, the Journalist, was sold some years ago and I concentrated on the teaching of Journalism in our above Institution. I started another journal called "The Editor & Publisher" which I ran for four years. The present publication is a SOUVENIR of our Institution's Silver Jubilee. I have already received messages for this from our President and Vice-President, from L.C.Chhagla and also from Shri Chavan who is the Chairman of our Silver Jubilee Committee and Mr. A. B. Nair who is the Vice-Chairman. I have been promised an article by Smt. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyava, Shri H. P. Modi the Industrialist and some other prominent personalities. It was thus I requested you also to send me a brief article and a message incorporating some of your impressions, experiences or observations about the Late Mr. Horniman.

I would like to know if you are going to be in Delhi and for how long or if you plan to come to Bombay any time soon. I shall thank you to send me your article based

on some material which I have enclosed herein. Together with your article I shall feel obliged if you send me a copy of your photograph.

As an old friend of yours I shall appreciate if you kindly give me your co-operation by agreeing to be included as one of the members of the Editorial Committee; and help me to get a few pages of advertisements from people either in Delhi, Bombay or Hubli areas. This will be a great help for the cause of this institution of which we propose to have branches in different parts of the country including Hubli or Dharwar.

I shall close my lengthy letter and trust this finds you in good health. With kind regards,

Yours affectionately,

P. Lj Rao.

CHIEF MINISTER

MAHARASHTRA

SACHIVALAYA, BOMBAY-32.
November 16, 1961.

APPEAL

When a fair and faithful story of the Indian Freedom struggle comes to be written, the part played by Indian journalism will find a prominent place; and in that chapter the name of the Late Mr. B. G. Horniman will be like a shining star in the firmament.

Though an Englishman by birth, he made India his Home and lived and died for the cause of Indian Freedom courting many a hardship, and ridicule from his own people. As a fearless journalist he has left behind tradition for others to follow and ennobled the profession which has come to be recognised as a handmaid to democracy.

I am happy to be associated as the Chairman of the Silver Jubilee Committee of the Horniman College of Journalism and give my fullest personal support and also welcome an equal measure of the moral and financial help from the public to make this institution a living and true monument to the memory of the greatest journalist of our times.

(Y. B. Chavan)

HORNIMAN COLLEGE OF JOURNALISM

(First and Foremost Institution)

ESTD 1936

SILVER JUBILEE SOUVENIR COMMITTEE

Chairman: Shri Y. B. CHAVAN, *Chief Minister, Maharashtra.*

Members : *Vice-Chairman*: Shri A. B. NAIR–Editor, Free Press Journal,
R. K. GANATRA, President, I.E.N.S. *(POST BOX 6606), MATUNGA, BOMBAY–1*
Chairman, Improvements Committee, Bombay Municipality.
Shri A. SUBBARAO, *Editor: India Press service*
Shri JAL M. COOPER, *Editor: India Stamp Journal.*
Shri ADI K. MUNSHI, *Social Worker.*
Shri P. G. RAO, *Director: Horniman College*

Date 30th Nov '61.

It is a matter of pride and satisfaction that we have entered the Silver Jubilee Year of the establishment of Horniman College of Journalism which has been a pioneer institution in the teaching of Journalism in this country. During this period we had to face a number of difficulties which doubtless is the lot of pioneers in any field of human activities.

During this Silver Jubilee Year it is our desire to extend our work in many directions by first producing a Silver Jubilee Souvenir to be followed by a Journal of our own on which the students will work and get practical training and thus learn a lot of the art and science of Journalism more efficiently and quickly. We propose to have a fully equipped library containing useful books to help and guide the students of Journalism. It is also our sincere desire to be able to offer scholarships and free-studentships and in other ways help financially many of the poor students who wish to learn Journalism, but, on account of pecuniary circumstances are compelled to abandon the idea of this most useful study. Another major part of our program is to have a small structure of our own in which the College can be housed and from where many of our literary, cultural, social and educational work can be carried on unreservedly.

We are proud to say that more than a 1,000 students who had their training at our institution have gone out into the world and many of them are occupying very lucrative positions of prestige and responsibility.

We do realise that what we have been able to do so far is nothing compared to what is yet to be done. The task is a huge one and it is only with the good-will and co-operation of philanthropic-minded persons that we can expect to fulfil our program. It is hence we are approaching you and appealing to your generosity to come forth and help by your liberal contribution* the fulfilment of the plans of India's pioneer Journalism College. *or space donation

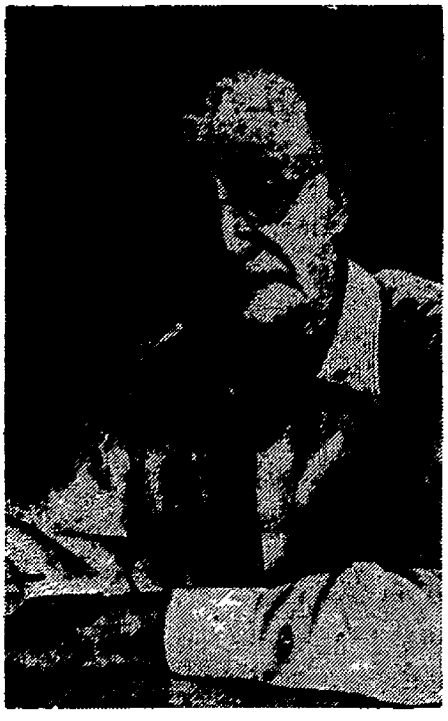
Benefactors:	Rs. 5,000 & above		
Patrons:	Rs. 1,000/- to Rs. 3000;	Vice Patrons:	Rs. 500/-
Life Members:	Rs. 300/-	Ordinary members:	Rs. 100/-

We request our patrons and donors to make all the contributions payable to the Horniman College of Journalism. All payments, by cheques, M. O. or Bank draft or otherwise will be thankfully acknowledged in the Silver Jubilee Souvenir and receipts will be duly forwarded to the patrons.

Thanking you for your early and whole-hearted co-operation.

I beg to remain,
Yours sincerely
P. G. Rao.
(Director)

Horniman College Of Journalism



Late Mr. B. G. Horniman

Mr. Horniman is a very brave and generous Englishman. He has given us the Mantram, Liberty.

Mahatma Gandhi

When a fair and faithful story of the Indian Freedom struggle comes to be written, the part played by Indian Journalism will find a prominent place; and in that chapter the name of the Late Mr. B. G. Horniman will be like a shining star in the firmament.

Y. B. Chavan; Chief Minister, Maharashtra.

Mr. Horniman was one of the greatest journalists I have known and I have known quite a few.... He had tremendous courage and never failed to espouse a cause merely because it was unpopular with the high and mighty in the land.

M. C. Chagla

Former Indian Ambassador to U. S. A.

S. V KRISHNAMOORTHY RAO,
DEPUTY SPEAKER LOK SABHA

TELEPHONES
RESIDENCE 88515
OFFICE 31455
10, AKBAR ROAD,
NEW DELHI

1st June 1964

My dear Doctor,

I got your kind letter dated 30th May. Yes, it is a very hard blow. It is difficult to feel the void caused by the sudden death of Pandit ji. Tommorrow is the election of the leader. All speculations are at rest now. Shri Morarji Desai is going to propose and Shri Nanda will support the candidature of Shri Lal Bahadur Shastri for the Prime Minister-ship. It is going to be a unanimous election. I hope and trust they will give full and unstinted support to Sastriji. Future lies in what we make them. The best memorial to Panditji is for us to uphold the principles which he set before himself and for which he lived and died. During these seventeen years he built up the country economically, politically and socially and no other person has done so much at any time in any country. Men like him are born only one in a millnium. We were lucky that we had his leadership and guidance in the early years of our independence. He has consolidated the democratic way of life. As long as it is given to us by God let all of us strive to tread the path which he had showed us. Let us not despair. He has left a rich heritage for us to form. The old guards are leaving us one by one. Take good care of your health and conserve your energies.

I am keeping good health. Just today I got a letter that Raja is doing well in U.S.A. He is now working for a Doctorate. My daughter Shanti has left for Singapore yesterday from Madras.

All else O.K. With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,
S.V. Krishnamoorthy
(S.V.Krishnamoorthy Rao)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
Karnataka Health Institute,
GHATAPRABHA (Belgaum Dist).

Lal Bahadurji is elected unanimously & supported by Morarji Bhai
Anna
S.V.K

Tele : GANDHINIDI
तार : गांधीनिधि

Phone : Office : 274475
Secretary : 273536

गांधी स्मारक निधि

(GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND
केन्द्रीय कार्यालय : राजघाट, नई दिल्ली-१
Central Office : Rajghat, New Delhi-1

पत्रांक/No.

June 4, 1964.

My dear Dr. Hardikar,

At last, the dark day dawned. Though all were expecting and most of all Jawaharlal Himself, none though and least of all Jawaharlal himself, that it would be so soon ~~as~~ so suddenly. And yet insidious, slow-moving but sure-moving Death overtook him and today the world is widowed (The Economist of London wrote the nice article 'World Without Nehru'); India is orphaned and all of us to whom he was at once an inspiration and a guide feel stranded on the uncertain ~~shores~~ of India's vast, varied and problem-full life.

I can imagine the thoughts and feelings which might be surging in your heart and the thousand memories which must be crowding the corridors of your mind. Kindl, do not allow them to flit past without leaving a trace behind. You have lived a full life and even now are crowning it by selfless service. That has been your constant creed.

Gandhi-Nehru era in Indian history is the epic era when great men did glorious deeds like gods, and small men rose to heroic heights.

I know that you will do everything to bring home to the people round about you the significance of the life and death of Nehru. But I would like you to do something more - to pen down your memories of Nehru for this and future generations. Please do not cheat them of the treasure you hold in the chambers of your memory. The great past can be projected into the future only through writing by people like you who were close and almost intimate with the Man who has now closed the glorious Chapter for us.

My Pranams to Mrs. & Dr. Vaidya and his other colleagues

Yours sincerely,

(R.R. Diwakar)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
GHATAPRABHA,
S. Rly.

Telegraphic Address
JANMABHUMI

Telephone 255751
(Four Lines)

THE
STATES' PEOPLE PRIVATE LTD

JANMABHOOMI GROUP OF NEWSPAPERS

JANMABHOOMI BHAVAN GHOGA STREET FORT POST BOX NO 62 BOMBAY 1

Managers
JANMABHOOMI Gujarati Evening Daily
PRAVASI Gujarati Weekly
VYAPAR Commerce Weekly
STATES PEOPLE PRESS
JANMABHOOMI PANCHANG
SAURASHTRA TYPE FOUNDRY

9th June 1964

My dear Dr. Hardikarji,

Thank you very much for your kind post card dated 3rd June 1964.

We have prepared a beautiful album of Shri Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru but it is not for sale. It was prepared and one copy of the same was presented to him on his 75th birthday. We had organised a regular exhibition of the same of the photographs of Panditji. It was exhibited for the last six months, to-day it is in Rajkot.

I have not yet seen an album of Panditji's Photographs for sale. I come accross one, I will send it to you.

If you are interested in a few of the poses of Panditji. I can spare them to you, and when you happen to visit Bombay next, you could select them and I would get them prepared for you.

I had your kind invitation to visit Ghataprabha. I thank you very much. I thought of coming there during the vacation, but the children could not think of stirring out. I will come there some day.

Kindly let me know when you will be visiting Bombay.

Doctor Keskar had programmed to come here on 1-6-64, but he had to postpone it because of the sad demise of Panditji. I hear from Major Sahani that Doctor Saheb might come to Bombay on 15th June 1964.

With kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

P. M. Doshi

(P.M. Doshi.)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
Ghataprabha,
(Dist. Belgaum.)

Dr. Sahani is coming here on 13th morning
by Frontier, would leave for BC on 14-6-64
morning & would have Room by Bangalore
Mail for Ghataprabha the same night

Telegraphic Address
JANMABHUMI

THE
STATES' PEOPLE PRIVATE LTD.

JANMABHOOMI GROUP OF NEWSPAPERS

JANMABHOOMI BHAVAN, GHOGA STREET, FORT, POST BOX NO 62 BOMBAY 1

Telephone: 255751
(Four Lines)

Managers:

JANMABHOOMI Gujarati Evening Daily
PRAVASI Gujarati Weekly
VYAPAR Commerce We[illegible]

STATES PEOPLE PRESS
JANMABHOOMI PANCHANG
SAURASHTRA TYPE FOUNDRY

13th June 1964

Dear Dr. Hardikarji,

I had your kind post card dated 11-6-64. Thanks.

Dr. Keskar has arrived to-day and is going back to Delhi on 15th June 1964. He would be again in Bombay on 17th June morning. He will leave Poona the same day and leave for Ghatpranha the same night. I think that this is a revised programme.

I regret the album of Panditji's photographs could not be spared, for it cannot be sent outside. When you happen to be in Bombay, I invite you to pay a visit to our office and see the album.

With kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

P. M. Doshi

(P.M. DOSHI.)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
Ghataprabha.
(Dist. Belgaum)

MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT
(LOK SABHA)

15, Ferozeshah Road,
New Delhi - 1

May 19, 1965

Dear Dr. Hardikar,

I am extremely thankful for your kind reply. I am really happy to know that still in your age of 75 you are eager to exert yourself fully to serve the country. 75 is surely not old age, and specially for persons like you, who are mentally young and alert.

I am glad that you have completed your articles on "Lala Ji in America" in Kannada, and you seek to get them translated in ten languages. We would like you to get them translated in as many languages as possible, including in English.

We were more also concerned with Lala Ji's letters - correspondence and other documentary material. You will agree such material must be properly preserved The Lajpatrai Centenary Committee is collecting such material in order to manage to preserve the same. Where original is not made over to us we try to make micro-film copies of the same in order to safely preserve those copies.

Then we are proposing to publish select letters of Lala Ji in one or two volumes. Some very well known friends have handed over originals or copies of the letters to us and granted us the permission to publish the same. I am sure you have got such letters etc. I know our difficulty that you cannot under-take all the physical strain to sort out all the correspondence and other material. If you consider it feasible, we can depute one from here who should come to you and should assist you in this strenuous task. Or the Centenary Committee would be willing to meet the financial burden, if you could get the services of a person of your own choice, say for a couple of months, who should complete this job under your direct supervision. I hope you will early advise me in this regard.

We are holding a camp in Delhi "Lajpatrai Centenary Committee Camp on NATIONAL INTEGRATION" from 4th July to 11th July, 1965. Could it be possible for you to visit Delhi, and address the campers on the occasion and to live with them at least for a couple of days. Shri Subba Rao is helping us immensely in organizing this camp.

With all the good wishes for your health and happiness,

Yours sincerely,

Amarnath Vidyalankar

(AMARNATH VIDYALANKAR)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar
Ghataprabha

THE CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL SOCIETY

(Estd. 1916)

IN RE.. PLEASE QUOTE

PHONE : 3288

Ref. No. 5/784/65-66.

HUBLI 10th Nov. 1965..

Dr. N. S. Hardiker,
Karnatak Health Institute
Ghataprabha.

Sir,

I would like to invite your kind attention towards the fact that we had sent the Utilisation Certificates to Shri. Radha Raman, as per your instructions along with our registered letter of the 28th October 1965. But unfortunately it has not reached him on account of the address being insufficient. We have once again sent the same to him under registered cover after taking the address from the Secretary, Indian Women's Aid Aided Society's Hospital, Hubli ---on the 8th instant.

In the meanwhile we have received a letter dated the 1st November 1965 from Shri. Radharaman, a copy of which is enclosed herewith for favour of your perusal.

We have again sent two more copies of the applications to him along with our Express Delivery letter No.5/783/65-66 dt. 10th Nov. 1965, which is also enclosed herewith for your ready reference. It has been mentioned in the letter that Audited Accounts have not also been submitted, but I may inform you that these have also been submitted along with our applications. You will find the same in item No.15 (Details of enclosures) and second item of the enclosure are Audited Statements.

It appears that the proper scrutiny of our applications has not been made and our request shall not be considered on the grounds that

continued on page 2.

THE CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL SOCIETY.

(Estd. 1916)

IN REPLY PLEASE QUOTE

PHONE : 3288

Ref. No.

HUBLI *196*

that we have not submitted the requirements. But the fact is not like that. It is quite clear that it will not be possible to obtain the grants from the Government unless you will kindly extend your help for giving clear picture of the facts to the Government as well as to Shri. Padha Raman.

I therefore earnestly request you to be kind enough to impress these facts to the Government and extend your kind help in obtaining substantial monetary assistance from the Government, for this Institution.

I hope that you will be kind enough to intimate me the progress achieved in this connection as soon as you will hear from the Government.

Thanking you in the meanwhile,

Yours faithfully,

R. S. Kumbhakonum

(Dr. R. S. Kumbhakonum)
Hon. Secretary,
The Co-op. Hospital Society
HUBLI

The Medical Officer,
The Cooperative Hospital Society,
Hubli. District Dharwar (Mysore)

Dear Sir,

I am directed to say that in the recent meeting of the Board, it was revealed that a sum of Rs.30,000/- (Rs.Thirty thousand only and released in 61-62) sanctioned and released to your institution has remained unutilised or that the Health Ministry has not been furnished with the necessary* Utilisation Certificate required for this purpose due to which your fresh application for grant-in-aid can not be processed and considered to your own disadvantage or Certificate and other documents submitted by you are not satisfactory to the officers of Health Ministry.

Kindly treat this letter as very important and comply with the Health Ministry's demand without further delay otherwise the Chairman would have to consider for the withdrawal of the sanctioned grant.

Yours faithfully,

(M.K.Agarwal)
P.A. To Chairman.

* PS: Audited Accounts have not been received.

True Copy.

R.S. Kerur Chairman

Hubli.
11th Nov.1965.

Hon. Secretary,
The Co-op. Hospital Society
HUBLI

THE CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL SOCIETY

(Estd. 1916)

LEASE QUOTE

PHONE : 3288

Ref. No. 5/783/65-66. Registered Acle Dear ~~Express letter.~~ HUBLI 10th Nov. 196 5.

To

Shri. Radha Raman,
Chairman, Board of Inspection for
Voluntary Medical Institutions,
Ministry of Health,
Government of India,
11, Talkatora Road,
New Delhi.

Dear Sir,

We are in receipt of your letter dated 1st November 1965. We have to inform you that the Utilisation Certificates in respect of Rs.30,000/- have been provided in our application forms for Grants towards the bottom, sent under our letters Nos. 5/443/65-66 of 24-8-65 and No.5/444/65-66 of 24-8-1965, addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Health, New Delhi,2. Moreover, we had also sent two copies of the same to you, for your reference, along with our registered letter No.5/725/65-66 of 26-10-1965, but as the address was not sufficient, the registered letter was returned to us. We have again sent the same to you on 8th instant by registered post. We are also sending herewith the said copies of the Utilisation certificates typed out at the bottom of our application forms for your ready reference once again. We have already submitted copies of the Audited Accounts along with our applications sent on 24th August 1965 and again enclosing herewith one more set of copies of the same for your ready reference. We would like to invite your kind attention towards the fact that we have not failed to act according

Continued on page

THE CO-OPERATIVE HOSPITAL SOCIETY

(Estd. 1916)

46

IN REPLY PLEASE QUOTE

PHONE : 3288

Ref. No. 5/783/65-66 page - 2 - *HUBLI* 10th Nov. *196* 5.

to the instructions of the Government in respect of submission of Utilisation certificates to the Government. We further bring to your kind notice that the installation of the X Ray Plant which was obtained from the above stated Grant of Rs.30000/- was completed September 1964 and there was little delay in receiving the several items of the X Ray Plant by instalments, which caused a little delay for submission of Utilisation Certificate.

You were kind enough to visit this institution on 26th July 1965 and have got the clear picture of its activities towards suffering public and its programmes for the development which are entirely depending upon substantial monetary assistance from the Government.

It is therefore earnestly requested to you to be kind enough to look into the matter and extend your kind cooperation for sanctio of Grants for the construction of the Building and for purchase of equipments as submitted in the applications, to this ~~institution~~ public charitable institution and for which act of kindness we shall ever remain grateful to you.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

R S Kumbhakonum

Dr. P, S. Kumbhakonum.
Hon. Secretary
The Co-op. Hospital Society
HUBLI.

स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार नियोजन उपमंत्री
भारत
DEPUTY MINISTER FOR
HEALTH AND FAMILY PLANNING
INDIA

No. DM/19/ ३ /66

August 4, 1966

Dear Dr. Hardikar,

I am sorry, I was not able to send you a reply to your very kind letter dated 22nd July. This was due to heavy pressure of work at Delhi.

I am obliged to you for inviting me to inaugurate the new X-ray equipment in your Institute. I am leaving this place on 11th of this month by air for Bombay and reach Belgaum the next morning at 8.40 and motor straight to Ghataprabha. Later, I am thinking of going to Dharwar to spend the night. Next morning, I would get back to Belgaum to see some medical institutions at the place. Later in the evening, I am flying back to Bombay. I trust this programme will suit your convenience.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

B.S. Murthy

(B.S. Murthy)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
The Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Dist. Belgaum,
Mysore State.

TAJ MAHAL HOTEL

Telegrams PALACE APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY 1 Telephone 219101

Bombay, 27.4.1967.

Dr.N.S.Hardiker
Administrator
Karnatak Health Institute
Ghataprabha, Belgaum District
Mysore State.

Dear Dr.Hardiker,

My time in India is almost up - one more day with the Family Planning Association here in Bombay and then I shall be en route to Europe, via Beirut, for the last chapter of this current trip around the world. It has been one of the hardest.

Many thanks again for the warm welcome you and all the other members of the KHI family gave me during the sad and hurried two days in Ghataprabha. It is difficult to believe that we all have lost Mr.Potdar. I look to Mr.Krishna Moorthy Rao as a new and generous friend on the KHI horizon.
Will you kindly turn over the enclosed key to Mr.Kirloskar, with my apologies? It belongs to his hospitable bungalow. I hope it arrives safely back.

With many good wishes for your own good health and welfare,

Sincerely yours,

Lotta Hitschmanova
USC of Canada

New Delhi. 69
13.5.1967.

My dear Doctor,

Your kind letter enclosing a note about Dr. Sushila Nayar's visit to the K.H.I & the Cooperative Hospital. She spoke to me highly about the K.H.I. & was sorry that the Cooperative Hospital was trying to duplicate the work unnecessarily by developing T.B. Wards.

To tell you frankly, my interest in the Health minister's personal visit was that she should be able to appreciate the work that was going on & give more liberal grants than she or she gave last year. And I am happy that she was

able to show a good deal of interest & appreciate the work being conducted with a missionary zeal.

I am rather sorry, that for those, who are not able to pay a visit, the K.H.I has not yet been able to bring out a brochure containing a good description of the work being done. I wish you get a copy of a similar brochure from the T.M.A Pai & manipal about their activities & I wish somewhat on similar is brought out.

Note: I am leaving Delhi on the 15th morning & passing

through Ghataprabha station in the Poona Bangalore mail on the 17th morning. Please do not be detained here, nor take the trouble of ~~coming~~ receiving at the station. This is just for your information.

Please share this letter with Dr. Vaidya

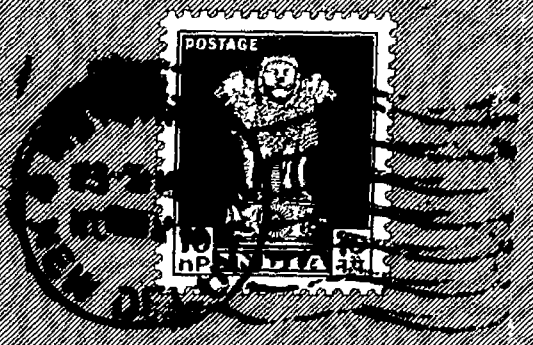
Compliments to all

Yours Sincerely

D. P. Karmarkar

अन्तर्देशीय पत्र
INLAND LETTER

9V



Dr. N.S. Nandikar
Kamalak Health Institute
P.O. GHATAPRABHA
Dist Belgaum
(Via Bombay)

← तीसरा मोड़ Third fold →

दूसरा मोड़ Second fold →

भेजने वाले का नाम और पता :— Sender's name and address :—

From: D.P. Karmarkar M.D.
26 Rajendra Prasad Road
New Delhi

इस पत्र के अन्दर कुछ न रखिये NO ENCLOSURES ALLOWED

Personal

93

Dr. V. Ramakrishna,
Dy. DGHS(SP)

Patiala House,
New Delhi.

26.6.67

My dear Sir,

I always address like this those for whom I have the greatest respect. You are one those selfless leaders whose main aim in life is to serve the suffering without hankering after name, fame or any other thing. I, therefore, request you to forgive me if my way of addressing this letter does not sound very familiar.

It was a delightful day to see an out-of-the-way barren place humming with activity. Everyone is dedicated to serve the unfortunate ones and serve them for the sake of service. It is no wonder that leaders from different parts of the country spend some time every year at Ghataprabha to find themselves - to find themselves in others. I have not been one of those fortunate ones until the 20th of this month. However, I had the glimpse and a feeling though for a few hours. The battery is recharged with your dynamo. It may last for some more time. I am grateful to you for this.

The thing which is borthering me all the time is as to how I can help in this cause. Of course personal contribution is one way and as a token of my participation in this great endeavour, I herein enclose a cheque which you may use it in whichever way you feel appropriate. What else can I do? You had posed certain problems to the Jt. Director, Health Deptt. of the Mysore State. I am sure he is going to take necessary action on each one of them. You had mentioned about the need for a UNICEF vehcile. I will discuss this with the UNICEF authorities and see whether anything can be done. I will also discuss with other colleagues here and see in what way some of the problems that you are now having there could be supported. In the meantime may I request you to convey my deep gratitude to Dr. Vaidya and all the members of the staff for giving their time for showing me through the various institutions and discussing different aspects of their programme.

With deep regards,

Yours sincerely,

(V. Ramakrishna)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar,
Hony. Administrator,
The Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha, Dist. Belgaum.
Mysore State

Ref. 94

Telephone : 272951

THE CENTRAL RELIEF COMMITTEE (INDIA)

(Registered under the Societies Registration Act of XXI of 1860)

"LOK KALYAN BHAVAN"
11/A, Rouse Avenue Lane,
NEW DELHI - 1

Ref. No. D.No 42

30th April 1970

President :
Acharya J. B. Kripalani

Vice President :
Shri H. L. Anand

General Secretary:
Shri Kalyan Singh Gupta

Secretary
Gopi Krishan

Treasurer :
Shri Kamalnayan Bajaj

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Dr. Sushila Nayar
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Shri Ravindra Varma
Shri L. C. Jain
Major General C. K. Lakshmana
Mrs. Mona Albuquerque
Shri P. L. Mehta

Respected Dr. Hardikar,

A few years back you had very kindly asked me to visit your medical services Project in Mysore, But unfortunately I was not able to visit Mysore for all these years due to my preoccupation here. At the same time, Dr.Lotta Kitchmanova was also very anxious that I should visit your medical programme. Recently, I had planned to visit the Agricultural Settlement project at Mundgod and Bylakuppe for Tibetan Refugees during the visit of Mr. Jamieson, Director, U.N.H.C.R. But again I had to change the plans as I was supposed to visit very urgently the Mainpat Agri-Settlement in Madhya Pradesh. However, I hope that one day I shall be able to come to Mysore and have the opportunity of learning the operations of your Medical Programme.

You might be aware of the fact that there is a large number of T.B.cases among the Tibetan refugees scattered in parts of the country. The C.R.C.(I) which is an overall Coordinating Agency for the relief and rehabilitation of the Tibetan Refugees, is trying its level best to give proper medical treatment to such Tibetan T.B.patients. In fact, C.R.C.(I) has about 150 indoor patients in various sanatoria, such as Lady Irwin Sanatorium, Jubar (Simla Hills), Charteris Hospital, Kalimpong and Wanless Chest Hospital, Wanlesswadi (Maharashtra). Besides, the C.R.C. is also running a number of general Hospitals and Clinics and Mobile Medical Services in various Tibetan Camps and Agri-Settlements.

As we are having quite a large number of Tibetans in Mysore State, we feel that some of the T.B. patients could be admitted in the Ghat Prabha Hospital which is being run under your kind patronage. I shall feel highly grateful to you if you would kindly let me know the financial expenditure on each patient per month. On hearing from you, the C.R.C. can take necessary decision in this matter.

Thanking you and with kindest regards,

Yours sincerely,

Gopi Krishan

(Gopi Krishan)
SECRETARY.

Dr. N.S.Hardikar,
Founder & Medical Superintendent,
Ghat Prabha Hospital,
MYSORE.

Donors are entitled to tax-exemption

Ramji Lal Sharma

95

PHONE RES 267859
1604 GAL KASHMERIAN
KUCHA PATI RAM,
DELHI 6

11.5.70

Respected Doctor Sahib,

Pranam

I thank you very much for your letter dated 24th April 1970 Since I was away to my Agriculture farm at Agra your letter remained unreplied "Ramlehavan" is the name of the same house which you visited once with Rajabai Iyer and Gulhal. The same old place is a double storied house the money spent for purchase is about 30 thousands. Regarding work, I have no work only a Representation of a firm of Calcutta who pays me nearly Rs500/- per month to look after his cases progress in the central Govt offices three days. Radhy even does not meet me or call up on me nor he Telephones me. He has become a very big boss. He does not leave at Delhi three days. His another address of Agra is Radha Krishan Das c/o Jagnath Prasad Khandelwal, Mubarak ~~Building~~ manzil, Belanganj Agra This is his in-laws address where he has shifted Please do write to him, he will certainly reply. I have met Gopal Shi Damodar today rang me for the employment of his daughter Shobha. I have heard that Purushottam has left Delhi to meet you at Chalapratha

I will one day also come to have your darshan after July or so. Raje & Shanta sends Pranam to you Rest O.K

With Kindest regards Yours Sincerely
Ramji Lal Sharma

N. R. DESAI

Residence:
31, ASHOKNAGAR,
HUBLI.

Phone : 3308
MARATHAGALLI
HUBLI

My dear Navajatji,
This is in continuation of my talk with you when I had been to the Ashram. We had a detailed discussion about a trust property situated on Hubli-Dharwar road which is a highway of Bombay-Bangalore also. I have narrated the objects of the trust which includes dispensary for women, pathala, school for villagers, youth activities and other activities helpful to nearby villagers. Now the area where our trust property stands is in the Municipal corporation area. You had agreed to start a dispensary immediately if it is handed over to your society. You had expressed your plan of starting one Indian Oil company bunk to make financially sound. and starting of school sending trained disciples from Ashram.
In our dicussion I had told you that Dr. N.S. Hardikerji is to take final decision. Now we have to take one or the other decision as otherwise the Municipal Corporation will take over the entire property as it falls adjucent to their new offices. Dr. Hardikar has called us to Ghatprabha where he stays. We are likely to go there within a week or two. So if you can write a letter to Dr. Hardikarji with copy to me about your plan and programme.
With respectful Pranams,

Yours sincerely,

N. R. Desai

c.c.

Dr. N.S. Hardikar
Karnatak Health Institute
GHATPRABHA
(Dist-Belgaum)

Sri. Navajatji is Secretary of Sri. Aurobindo Society Pondicherry and an Ashramite.

GANDHI PEACE FOUNDATION
221/223 DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAYA MARG NEW DELHI-1

गांधी शांति प्रतिष्ठान
PHONE • 273376 • 271946

CAMP : 2 RESIDENCY ROAD BANGALORE 25.

97

20/2/1971

My Dear Dr.Hardikar,

I have your card. I can very easily gauge your distress at the passing away of Dr.Munshi, the beloved Kulapati of thousands & thousands of readers.

I shall be going to Bombay on the 23rd and then only shall know the state of things there.

However, I do not think that there will be any departure from all routine work.

I could not go to Bombay as the whole thing was so sudden. However I have written to Leela-vathi & Ramakrishnan. I hope you have written to Leelavathi!

With best regards,

Yours sincerely,

(R.R.DIWAKAR)

Dr.N.S.Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
GHATAPRABHA,
(Dist : Belgaum)

I was told (let me hope it is not true) that Dr. Kabbur (Jr) is leaving Ghataprabha. Generation gap is or seems to be the main reason. You may think over how to bridge it up - by a kind of club life, card play, cinema going + so on!!

K HANUMANTHAIYA

12, Teen Murthi Marg
New Delhi
22 4 1975

Dear Sri Haralikar.

I have your letter I hope that you have got the health of T S restored your company and Sri Vaidya's skill, I am sure will enable T S to do well

Yes, I want to get a good "ಭಾವಚಿತ್ರ" edited to honour T.S He was the leader of the congress movement in the then Mysore State. He was the president of the historic session of Mysore Congress held at Shivapura in 1938. I have got a trust drafted and registered to construct a big building to commemorate the flag Satyagraha, we have already in hand Rs four lakhs is proposed to collect another four lakhs of

rupees.

The plan for the building is ready and I have entrusted the work to PWD of Govt of Karnataka I am finding it difficult to get a good editor for the ಅನುವಾದ ಸಂಪುಟ, if, under your direction, your co-workers undertake this work I would feel relieved and happy. I have the needed quantity of paper and I will pay the printing charges. It is my ambition that the work must be equal to the historic occasion and personality.

I am flying to Bangalore on the 25th inst. and will be there for about a week.

I am eager to know the state of health of you both.

With pranams
Yours Sincerely
K. Hanumanthaiya

P.S I spoke to Sri Karan Singh

THE K. H. I. HOSPITALS
P. O.: KARNATAK HEALTH INSTITUTE
PIN 591 310
DIST.: BELGAUM (KARNATAKA STATE)
PHONE: GHATAPRABHA - 31

108

Ghataprabha
REF. NO.
17.8.75
DATE

Revered Indiraji

(1) Pardon me for writing these few lines about this Institute and requesting You to add one more to Your multifarious activities and relieve me by owning it. Yourself owning it live in this.

(2) I belong to this Karnatak Health Institute started by Dr. G. R. Kamat, M.D. (U.S.A.) This was started by a friend of mine, forty six years ago. He left it to the care of Dr. M. K. Vaidya, M.B.B.S. & M.S. (in Surgery) and retired. The Institute is run today by a Council of 15 persons who are regularly elected by a General Body consisting of patrons, donors, and friends & sympathisers, who meet every year for that purpose.

(3) The Institute has a General Hospital, with a strength of 200 patients, a Maternity with 60 beds, a Sanitorium for about 120 patients. At the present moment we have 15+4 V.D. Doctors, 25 nurses 25 trainee nurses, 25 ward boys and other clerical staff. Our total expenditure of the last year was — While the income by way of donations & recovery from patients came to

1 Vaidya
2 A Vaidya
3 Sawarkar
4 V-G K.
5 Bhagwat
6 Datar
7 Gothe
8 Bhaskarrao
9 Vadgir
10 Miss Khadkar
11 Rattanshetti
12 Kangoori's friend
13 Dhamale

1 Deshpande
2 S. Joshi
3 S. Vaidya
4 S.D. Vaidya

N. S. H.

8th INSTALMENT

FILE NO 1

PAGE 1 TO 101

FILE NO 2

1960 TO 1975

PAGE NO:- 1 TO 95

CONGRESS SEVA DAL

(ALL INDIA OFFICE)

Publicity and Propaganda Committee

TELEGRAM : "CONGRESS"
TELEPHONES :
DELHI : 40320-45870
BOMBAY : 73111-2-3

Delhi Office : 7, Jantar Mantar Rd., NEW DELHI ★ *Bombay Office* : Congress House, V. P. Rd., BOMBAY

Bombay, 29th March 60

My dear Doctor Saheb,

Your P.C. of 26th and I caught your correct address. Since so many days I wanted to write you but could not trace you.

I am sending herewith (a) A short note on Seva Dal Journalism; (b) A statement of our Ag. G.O.C. on the occasion of 10th Foundation Day Celebrations of Nirosi Seva Dal (c) Suggestions for the (P.T.C.)

conference of Pradesh Congress President and Secretaries scheduled to meet at Rajkot. All these papers are for your information only.

Since I last met you I tried to collect ~~money~~ ~~fund~~ revenue. Still, more than one thousand rupees are to come.

We bid farewell to our beloved D.B. on 15th this month this going was a shock to the Seva Dal organisation here and we never felt so much before even though half a dozen G.O.C.'s left Seva Dal. I did

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my duty of getting as much publicity for him as I could. So did I, when Sri Narimbhai Shah of Gujarat went to Yugoslavia. ~~Both of them left us~~

~~Publicity something~~ my latest ~~work~~ is ~~to~~ ~~do~~ for Nainital Seva Dal; a specimen is enclosed herewith.

Our P.V.B. could not decide who will be the next K.O.C. So he has sent half a dozen names for one to Sri Inamdarji. This has created feeling of superiority complex among some of those whose

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names are sent. With the result-
Smt. Padmabahen Patel, who has
been asked by P.V.B. to work as
~~Acting~~ G.O.C. until new G.O.C.
~~has~~ is selected, ~~getas~~ did not
get cooperation from all.

Although my name is in-
cluded in the list I have writ-
ten to the Sec. P.V.B. that I will
not be able to take up the ~~his~~
possibility. I am fed up with the
atmosphere. I could not work,
even as a G.O.C. unless and
until this ~~complex~~ is cleared
from minds of the officers
concerned. No ~~is~~ substantial work
is taken in hand. Everything
is standstill. I request you to

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advice or what to do in the circumstances. Because, I have to work among them. Not only local workers, but the work entrusted by All-India Office and that of Nairobi Seva Dal is jointly on my shoulders. I need co-operation of all concerned. I cannot displease anybody.

Another thing, upto till now no office bearer was taking interest in the appointments of the K.S.C. But in this case new right from President Bhanu-Shankar Yagnik to the last

Secretary has taken interest. And everybody wants that, 'his yesman'. I dont know who are they, should be the next C.M.

You have to view my things for the Pradesh Congress Presidents' conference in this background. It is quite possible that P.C.C.'s would not like many of them relating "financial control and authority of organisation." But I think they are good for organisation. So I wait for your advice. I am O.K.

Thanksgiving,

FOR FAVOUR OF PUBLICATION:

Smt. Padmabahen Patel, Acting G.O.C., Congress Seva Dal has issued the following statement:

" Nairobi Seva Dal of East Africa celebrates its 10th Foundation Day Festival/Day.

We send our heartiest felicitations to our Seva Dal friends abroad who kept alive the tradition of service, established by our revered Dr. Hardikar Saheb 37 years ago.

The Nairobi Seva Dal is an organization started by a Volunteer of Congress Seva Dal, Shri Gulab V. Bharti, who went to Nairobi, some 10 years ago. Since then the Seva Dal has inspired and trained hundreds of youths for service of the mankind, irrespective of Community, colour or creed. Its activities include child welfare centres, physical training for youths, band activity, blood donation, and others.

One of the main activities is to propagate Indian culture through Art exhibitions and entertainment programmes. The Seva Dal has organised five big and small exhibitions of Indian Art, wherein well-known Indian artists sent their exhibits.

The Seva Dal has rooted in the soil of East Africa due to incessant zeal and endeavours of Shri Bharti and his colleques. Shri Amrit Azad the Present G.O.C. is ably guiding the Seva Dal.

The services of the Seva Dal are acknowdleged by no less a personality than our Vice-President Dr. S. Radhakrishnan during his visit of East Africa. While sending our good wishes to our frineds, who spread message of service to distant lands; we assure our co-operation and service.

Released on 27th March '60.

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Released on 27th March

Suggestions for

The Conference of Pradesh Congress Presidents.

(1) All-India office of the Congress Seva Dal has directed to all its branches to enroll at least ONE member in Seva Dal out of population of 1000. To cope with the responsibility to train and maintain the volunteers thus recruited A.I.C.C. should allot at least ONE NAYA PAISA from the membership-fee of 25 nPs. of each member enrolled in a particular Mandal and District. This amount should be deducted at the said levels and the fund should be entrusted to the officer concerned.

This is minimum help expected and it does not mean that those areas who get more than this should be devoid of that help. Moreover Pradesh Seva Dal Office will need help from Pradesh Congress Committee directly.

(2) The financial dependancy of Seva Dal should be done away with. Budget allotment to the Seva Dal from the Pradesh should be set apart all at a time and a separate Joint Saving Account should be maintained in the name of the G.O.C. and Secretary of the P.V.B.; to avoid delay in financial executions.

(3) G.O.C. (or District or Mandal Adhinayak) should be the sole controller of the finances of Seva Dal in his area, including allowances to Seva Dal workers. No office-bearer of the Pradesh (of course, except Sec. of P.V.B.) should meddle in the affair.

(4) Seva Dal workers should be given top priority in the remunerative posts in the organisation; during the elections and nursing parliamentary constituancies afterwards. It should not be taken for granted that they should not be paid, when others are paid for the same jobs, only because they are "Seva Dal" workers and they cannot expect return for their services.

(5) Seva Dal gets invitations foe international conferences. But due to the paucity of funds with Seva Dal and due to the fact that Seva Dal workers come mostly from middle-class and lower middle-class, Seva Dal is not able to send their representatives in most of the conferences. Congress should arrange for the finances in deserving cases and thus help Seva Dal to play its role in creating goodwill and understanding between the nations resulting in World Peace.

(6) Propsed Seva Dal Academies in various states should be viewed as National Laboratories for developing National Character and they should be supported either organisationally or governmentally.

These Academies should be so developed as to cater speciallised training courses for cadets through out India. e.g. Vasant-Rajab Seva Dal Academy at Mehamadabad (Gujerat) should be utilized as Kendra Nayak Training Centre or Mandal Adhikari Training courses; proposed Seva Dal Academy at Bombay should be equiped with Madhyam Sainik or Jilla Adhikari Training Camps and the same at New Delhi should be reserved for hegher studies such as Uch Sainik and Administrative camps. It should also serve as Central Research Centre of Seva Dal.

(7) G.O.C. of Congress Seva Dal should be final authority in deciding whether to accept the invitations of managing public funtions other than those of Congress.

(8) Seva Dal should have its own separate publishing department running under the guidance and with the help of that of A.I.C.C.

(9) Seva Dal is a member of many international organisations including International Hostel Association. With the result it has to entertain many national and foreign guests. P.C.C.'s concerned should allot some space for conducting Seva Dal Hostel or help inconstructing the same with Government help whereever possible.

Congress Seva Dal)
)
Congress House,)
)
Bombay-4,)
)
Date: 28-3-1960.)

(Smt. Padma Patel)
Acting G.O.C.

Raj Bhavan,
BHOPAL.

1st July 1963.

My dear Dr. Hardikar,

Your letter of 28th June 1963 received today. I am really very happy to hear from you after a long time. I have very happy memories of our association in public life and if at all your letter was a surprise, it was a pleasant one.

I thank you for your kind invitation to come to Ghataprabha. I am going to Poona on 1st of August and during that visit I propose to come to Ghataprabha. I shall let you know the exact date and time when the programme is finalised.

Dr. B.V.Keskar is staying there for a few days. Only yesterday I tried to contact him on phone at Delhi but learnt that he was out of station. I hope to meet him when I go to Delhi next. Please convey to him my best regards.

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

H. Pate. Dec.

Dr. N.S.Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
GHATAPRABHA.
Dist.Belgaum.

Radha Raman

TELE { RES 42900
OFFICE 47457 & 47342

11, Jain Mandir Road,
New Delhi

July 9, 1963

My dear Doctor Saheb,

You will execuse me for my having remained silent all this time due to my absence and intermitant tours of Punjab where I am engaged in conducting the organisational elections.

I have not met Dr. Sushila Nayyar after her visit to your place. I, however, feel sure that she brought back good memories of her visit and was convinced of the good work that you were doing.

The question of financial assistance rests with the committee and it will be taken up when you have submitted your utilisation certificate of the past year's grant-in-aid.

I am still connected with Scout organisation as State Chief Commissioner. I am asking the National Headquarters to send you a set of literature concerning the Bharat Scouts & Guides movement with which I am associated.

Hoping this finds you and all others in best of spirits,

Yours sincerely,
Radha Raman

Dr.N.S.Hardikar, Ex-M.P.,
Ghataprabha,
Distt.Belgaum.

Raj Bhavan,
BHOPAL.

18th July 1963.

My dear Dr. Hardikar,

Received your letter dated 15th July 1963.

I wanted to visit Ghataprabha in the beginning of August, but I am sorry it is not now possible to do so as I have got some important urgent work here. I will try to come later.

I am sorry for the inconvenience that might have caused you.

Dr. Keskar has come here this morning and will be leaving for Indore tomorro

With best wishes,

Yours sincerely,

H. Palaskar

Dr. N.S.Hardikar,
C/o K.H.I.Hospitals,
GHATAPRABHA.
Dist.Belgaum.

c/o the Director of Public Health
Post Box.44. Bangalore. .
July 13th: 1963

Dear Dr:Hardeker,

I think you may be surprised to hear from me? but I write to let you know that I have been re-assigned to the North of India,for another U.N. assisted programme rather like this one (nursing aspects only of course),in Bihar State,with hq: at Patna,& I leave here in just over two weeks time.

I do wish Belgaum & your centre were not so far away,& indeed,that vehicles etc: were more dependable! for if that were so,I'd have liked very much to pay a flying visit to bid you all adieu.

My four & a half years here have I feel,been very short while,many things have moved forward,specially in the field of public health nursing,& some patterns of service & education been developed,in fact last year,was quite outstanding,in that this State had ~~at one time~~,under UNICEF scholarships,no less than 9 trained nurse/midwives, at the All India Institute at one time,all doing post basic training,also during the four years,this State has sent 22 nurses for the Tutors course at the College of Nursing in Delhi,added to which there were 4 sent for the nurse tutor cert:,emphasis:- midwifery,so now,there are several leaders well trained;oh! I mustn't forget that two others went overseas,one to U.K. & the other to Canada,& both,on return went to work in which they were specially qualified.Then there are some lesser matters,regarding training of the indigenous dais,in two districts,also an Orientation training centre for para-medical personnel opened at Mardya last year.

None of this would have been possible without fine co-operation on all counts,& I'm told,that nowhere in these projects,has there been such growth;I only can

say .this makes me rather ambitious for my new field in the Nort .

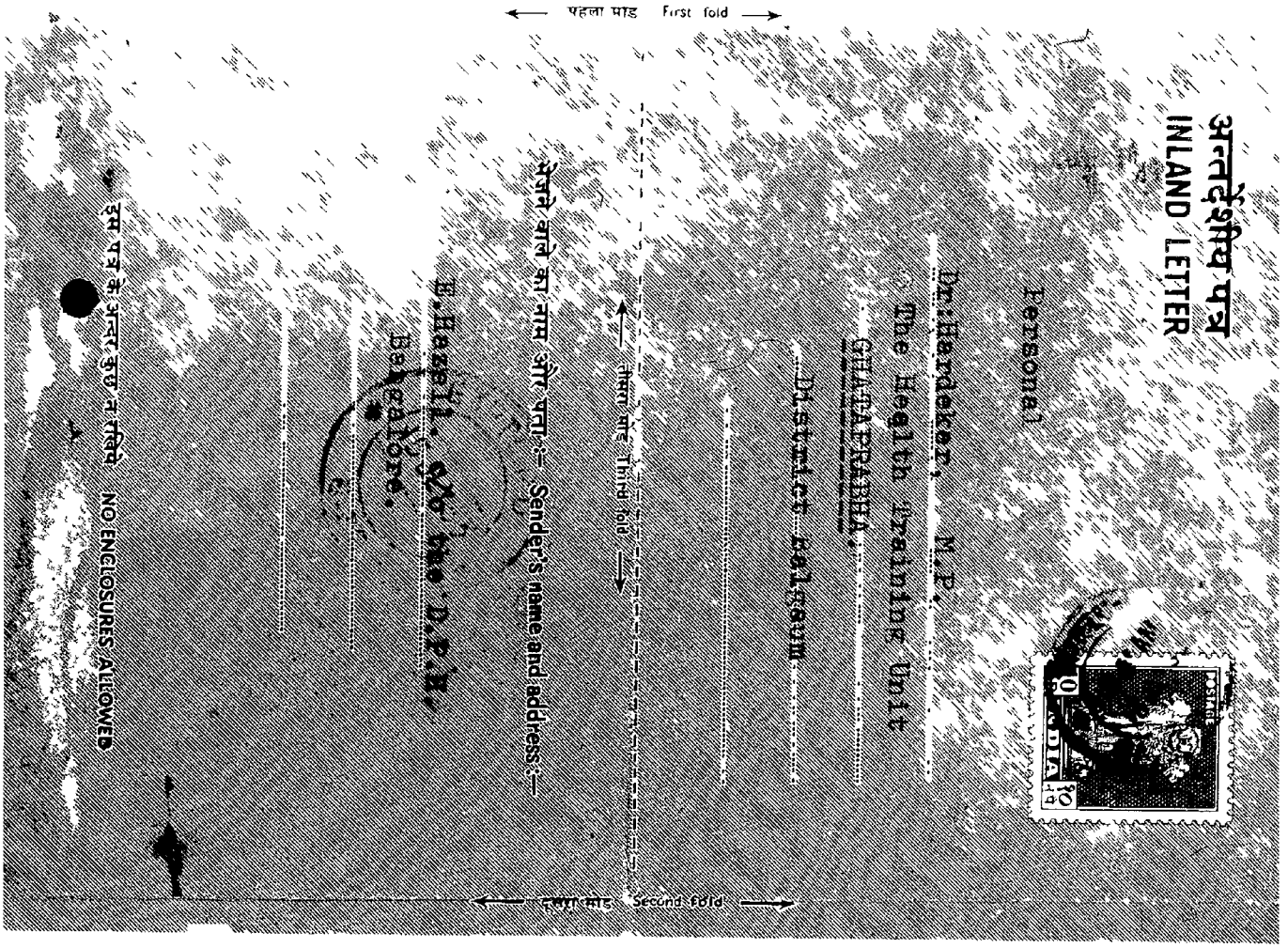
Please give my kind re ards to yo: Matron, I t'ink her name is:-Mrs Tenaiker? also include all my friends I at e y time met when at Ghatanrabha,& thank you for your co-operation & interest.

I leave here by plane via Calcutta on July 31st:

Yours sincerely

Ellen Hazell

Ellen Hazell.



Shri NITTOOR SREENIVASA RAU
Governor of Mysore
ಶ್ರೀ ನಿಟ್ಟೂರು ಶ್ರೀನಿವಾಸ ರಾವ್
ಮೈಸೂರಿನ ರಾಜ್ಯಪಾಲರು

RAJ BHAVAN,
BANGALORE
ರಾಜಭವನ,
ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು

September 5, 1963.

Dear and Respected friend,

I have your kind letter. I do want to visit and spend some time at Ghataprabha. In fact I hoped to be able to do it when I was on tour in the Belgaum District in July, but I could not manage it. I do not know whether I shall be able to do it during the tenure of my present office. But does it really matter? As soon as I am free I shall take a very early opportunity of being there and spending some time with you and other friends.

I had met Shri Siddalingiah a couple of weeks ago. He is quite well. Ranga Rao must have returned here just yesterday. I have not met him, but I had met Babu a couple of days ago.

My daughter Jayaseetha is back here from the Stat It is likely that she will stay on in this country. We are all O.K.

Believing you are in the best of health and with warm regards,

Yours affectionately

Dr N.S. Hardikar,
Karnataka Health Institute,
GHATAPRABHA.
(District Belgaum).

Maj Gen B.D. KAPUR

DO No. 03456/CCR&D

CHIEF CONTROLLER RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT
MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

New Delhi, 5 September 1963.

Dear Dr. Hardikar,

You had written to the Prime Minister some time ago in regard to Shri N.D. Ponkshe who had spent many years in America.

To be able to decide a suitable appointment which may be offered to him, it would be necessary for us to meet him. I was therefore wondering if he is still in India and can come up to Delhi some time convenient to him. The Scientific Adviser to the Defence Minister would also be available after 16th September 1963.

May I please have your reply early so that we can proceed with the case further.

Yours sincerely,

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Dist. Belgaum.

Dr. N.S.Hardikar,
C/o.
THE KARNATAK HEALTH INSTITUTE
HOSPITAL AND SANATORIUM GHATAPRABHA
(DIST BELGAUM)

PO
TELE | K H INSTITUTE
TELEPHONE GHATAPRABHA NO 31
RAILWAY GHATAPRABHA S R)

Ref No

Date 7/9/1963

To

Shri S.K.Patil,
New Delhi.

My dear Patil,

I salute thee for the sacrifice you have made and shouldered ne responsibilities to remove the accumulated dust and dung from the organisation to which you and I belong. Whatever strength and energy I have in me yet, it is placed at your disposal to be used for getting the great house cleaned and setting it right. Just a hint from you is enough to make me more and do what you say. I hope you will accept my services for the benefit of the nation.

Also the services of my organisation Seva Dal are, ofcourse, at the disposal of the congress. Inamdar and his loyal colleagues are there. They have been doing their bit; but their services were not used for proper purpose. Now that you and Shastriji are there, I am sure, you will give brooms and dusters in their hands and make them remove all dirt and cobwebs which have been the cause of lot of nuisance to the country. Please do take Inamdar in confidence and entrust him a portion of work that you have shouldered now.

What more shall I say? Treat us as your own, that is all

P.T.O.

my prayer.

Your brother,

N. S. Hardikar

(N.S.Hardikar)

To

Shri S.K.Patil,

NEW DELHI.

SECRETARY,
MINISTRY OF HEALTH,
INDIA,
NEW DELHI.

12th September, 1963

Dear Dr. Hardiker,

Thank you for your letter dated the 9th September, 1963. Of course I know you and we have met a number of times although without much conversation. I am glad to receive your letter and to know that you are associated with the Institute. I am well aware of the Health Minister's visit to Ghataprabha; in view of duties at headquarters I could not on this occasion visit Ghataprabha, but I am certainly looking forward to visiting your Institute at some convenient time which I hope may be in the not too distant future.

With warmest regards,

Yours sincerely,

(L.K. Ramadhyani)

Dr. N.S. Hardiker,
c/o K.H.I. Hospitals,
Ghataprabha. (Distt. Belgaum)

SHRI NITTOOR SREENIVASA RAU,
GOVERNOR OF MYSORE.

RAJ BHAVAN,
Bangalore

August 8, 1963.

My dear Doctor,

Thank you for your kind letter of blessings. I did look forward to meet you during my tour in that part of the State but I had to considerably abridge my programme with the result that I did not go to any places in the northern part of Belgaum District. That was the reason for my trying to see whether you could run up to Khanapur and spend a few hours with me. Later on I learnt that both Shri Hukkeriker and Shri Karmarker were at Ghataprabha with you. It is a pity I could not go there since I would have met all of you together. I need hardly say I missed Shri Hukkeriker very much at Dharwar. When do you expect to come here next?

With deep respect,

Yours affectionately,

Nittoor Sreenivasa Rau

Dr N.S. Hardiker,
C/o K.H.I.Hospitals,
GHATAPRABHA,
District Belgaum.

912-DM(C)/63.

MINISTER OF DEFENCE

New Delhi,

21st August 63.

Dear Dr. Hardikar,

I have received your letter of 13th August regarding Dr. Ponkshe. I have asked our Scientific Adviser to find out how we could utilise the services of Dr. Ponkshe in the Defence organisation.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

(Y.B. Chavan)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
C/o K.H.I. Hospitals,
Ghataprabha.

S V. KRISHNAMOORTHY RAO,
DEPUTY SPEAKER LOK SABHA

सत्यमेव जयते

TELEPHONES
RESIDENCE 3 1
OFFICE 14
10 AKBAR ROAD
NEW DELHI March 17, 1964.

My dear Doctor,

I am in receipt of your letter dated 14th March, 1964. You must have received my good wishes for Chandramana Ugadi. I am glad to learn that Dr. Keskar is coming there and spending some time with you.

I have informed the Principal of our School to correct the address. If you were here in Delhi, I would have certainly give you some work in connection with our School. It is growing like a very healthy child; growing big, strong and popular. I want some more sincere people to stand-by me and work for the School, but that is one scarcity which I cannot help. Anyway, we are doing our best to make a first class School. We have now got 360 students in the School. If you can help me to collect funds for the School in Belgaum and Dharwar Districts, I will be very grateful. We have to put up 2nd and 3rd floors immediately. Next year our strength may go up to 500. There is already a great rush for seats. I am hoping to get some big donations. God has come to my rescue at very critical moments in the history of our School. I hope the same hand will guide me.

We are all o.k. here. Raja is getting on very well in the U.S.A. He may take another two or three years to return. He wants to do his Ph.D. and return to India. I am not in a hurry. I have written to him that he need not be in a hurry to return and he may take his own time to finish his studies. Shanta, Sundru and Chandru are all o.k.

I trust this finds you in the best of health. Give my regards to Drs.Vaidya, Balankhe and Mrs. Vaidya and others.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

S.V. Krishnamoorthy

Dr.N.S.Hardiker,
K.H.I., GHATAPRABHA,Dist.Belgaum.

S V KRISHNAMOORTHY RAO,
DEPUTY SPEAKER, LOK SABHA

TELEPHONES :
RESIDENCE 33513
OFFICE 31455
10, AKBAR ROAD,
NEW DELHI 24th Feb 1964

My dear Doctor,

This morning I had posted you an ~~inak~~ inland letter informing you that the K.H.I. has been recommended a grant of Rs.50,000/-. Subsequently, I have spoken to Mr.Ramadhyani. He said that if the Committee recommends there will be no difficulty to push it through and he promised to look into this matter. He also told me that he cannot move out of Delhi for another month and he will try to visit your Institute in May 1964.

Trust this will find you in the best of health.

Yours sincerely,

S.V. Krishnamoorthy

(S.V.Krishnamoorthy Rao)

Dr. N.S. Hardikar,
Karnataka Health Institute,
Ghataprabha.

सत्यमेव जयते

Radha Raman,
Chairman, Board of Inspection for
Voluntary Medical Institutions,
11, Talkatora Road.

No.RR-MY/66.

स्वास्थ्य एवं परिवार नियोजन मंत्रालय
(स्वास्थ्य विभाग)
नई दिल्ली
MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY PLANNING
(DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH)
NEW DELHI

18th November, 1966.

My dear Wardikerji,

Many thanks for your letter dated the 15th instant. I have already received a copy of Dr. Vaidya's letter and only on its strength have supported the hospital requirements in the Board's meeting held yesterday. You will be pleased to know that we have further agreed to help your institute with such financial aid in addition to that you have sought previously. You will see that every body has sympathy with your institution's requirements giving regard to your close association with -

I may, however, mention that you are becoming greedy indeed by seeking such big assistance, but because it is not done for personal reasons, your demands are favourably considered. In future, you should be less greedy, ofcourse. I hope all is well at your end. Life here is not very normal. Almost every week and every month, there is something which is disturbing and disquieting. In fact, the episode of 7th instant still hangs on our minds with all its sad consequences. The whole country appears to be boiling in raid and resentment. Poor Indiraji has to face all this. She is, ofcourse, doing this very boldly, courageously and even splendidly. Her hands are to be strengthened, to hold the destiny of the nation in good stead. Let us all pray for her long life and matured judgement.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

Dr. V.S. Wardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Chatnrabha (S.Rly.)

अध्यक्ष
डा० बी० वी० केसकर
Personal Assistant to:
CHAIRMAN
DR. B. V. KESKAR

GRAMS : 'NABOTRUST'
PHONE : 33957

नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट, इंडिया
3, कुशक रोड, नई दिल्ली–11
NATIONAL BOOK TRUST, INDIA
3, KUSHAK, ROAD
NEW DELHI-11

PA/NBT/6[illegible] January 23, 1967.

Dear Dr. Hardikar,

I am in receipt of your Express Letter dt.20th January'67 addressed to Dr. B.V. Keskar. Dr. Keskar left Delhi for Bombay on the 22nd morning and your letter reached me only today.

Dr. Keskar will be reaching Kolhapur on the 28th January at 11 a.m. and will be staying at the Circuit House. According to the tour programme he is to leave Kolhapur for Poona on the 31st at 7 a.m. Hence, your car should reach Kolhapur Circuit House on 28th by about 10 a.m. and wait for him there.

As regards Meeraji, I am not in a position to confirm as to whether she will be accompanying him to Ghataprabha, as I am not sure of her programme.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

(J. K. Jain)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha.
Distt. Belgaum.

M. F. Burwaji 27 District
SUPERINTENDENT. CENTRAL PRISON

Replied 26.6.69

June 6, 1969.

My Dear Sir,

May I recall our contact since Individual Satyagraha and C.D.O. Movement when I was serving as Clerk and then Jailor attached to your Hind Ward and subsequent most unexpected meeting at Bangalore when I paid respects to you in the bungalow of the then Hon'ble Chief Minister. I think this introduction will take you back to the bygone days which are still cherishing in our memories afresh.

I hail from Hubli. My uncle Sri Abdul Wahab Maniyar of Halliyal who is the bearer of this letter, was once a co-prisone with you during Zenda Satyagraha of Nagpur during 1923-24 movement at Nagpur Central Jail. He has applied for a certifica-te to the Superintendent of this Jail and sent about 3 to 4 reminders in this regard but unfortunately he is yet to receive a reply. He needs now a certificate from you kindself which will be of immense use to him

M. I. Buwaji 24 District

SUPERINTENDENT. CENTRAL PRISON

June 6, 1969.

since many facilities are being extended to the Political sufferers by our Government. I ardently hope you will surely oblige us.

With best respects,

Yours affectionately,

(M.I. Buwaji)

N. N. Chandur
35, 2nd Road,
Azadnagar

~~SHIVDRAVATI~~
Bangalore - 18.
Date 7-6-1969.

My dear Doctor,

I hope you have received my last letter written from Hubli. I am writing this from Bangalore. Ever since I came from Ghataprabha I have been thinking about this. I could not write to you about this earlier as I was slightly unwell - a very usual thing with me nowadays. I am now alright.

The expression you gave vent to when Shris Seenappa and Vaidya presented you with some khadi cloth and a shawl set me thinking. Further on my way to Hubli I heard from some friends that you have been giving up or cutting short even the meagre diet that you were taking. That immediately brought to my mind the two or three cups of water that you took while we were talking with you. The picture was complete. I could visualise the type of life you were thinking of leading henceforth. This was only a prepapation for it. You have given up your clothes and now you have been thinking of living on air and water. That brought to my mind the story of Pavahar Baba who had cast his influence on the would-be Vivekanandada. Had it not been for the apparition of Ramakrishna Paramahamsa that stood before him India and the world would not have had the benefit of his great services. Pavahar Baba stood for selfish ends -moksha for himself - while Ramakrishna wanted Vivekananda to dedicate himself for the service of humanity. The anology is not not quite apt. That apart, I want to remind you that you have a duty and an obligation towards us all, those whom you have trained in the service of the people, and our own hopes that you will be spared long enough to act as a source of inspiration to us. Your new experiments in dress and diet reminds me of Swami Rama Tjirtha whose death near Rishikesh was reported as an act of "involuntary suicide" by one of his biographers. No doubt there is some truth in it. The pessimistic attitude that he developed a few months before his death after his contacts with the Benares Pandits in contrast with his earlier optimism perhaps led him to that act of 'involuntary suicide'. What I mean is that in spite of yourself you are taking a course of action that is ultimately harmful to your body and mind, which in the normal course of things, should inspire us with a new ray of hope in the present demoralised state of affairs all around us. The situation is most depressing and the still-voiced old flock of yours may still be able to contribute something towards bringing about a better situation. I dont mean in the immediate futur but the seed for the future can be sown. It is exactly here that your persona guidance is needed. Please believe me when I say that I spoke from my heart at the function on the 21st. I got only two minutes and I could not develop it which might have meant at least twenty minutes.

Please do not misunderstand me. I had poured out my heart to you in the past couple of years about my hopes and the possibilities. Your personal guidance is a matter of necessity. At such a juncture your decision to forego even the necessities goes against your very conception of service to humanity. Even Gandhiji clothed himself with warm clothings while it was cold and consumed the needful quantity ~~of food~~ and quality of food. While in Bihar, you might remember, I used to say "Keeping in view his social obligations he (Gandhiji) must take more and richer food, but he must also know he has no right to deprive hard-working volunteers from even the most ordinary food". I am not so much interested in the present day politicians and their way of life. But I am interested in men who live for some ideals. It is they that make some real contribution to the well-being of the people and lead them to a life of higher culture. As such we have an obligation to the people and to fulfil that obligation the needs of our body and mind must be met.

Far younger though I am, the need for your active guidance has compelled me to write to you my feelings in this respect. I trust you will respect our feelings in the matter.

I will be staying here for at least a month more and possibly for some more time, if I can be useful. Please write.

With love and regards,

Affectionately yours,

N. N. Chandhr

THE NAIROBI SEVADAL

A SOCIETY DEVOTED TO SELFLESS SERVICE

P O Box 1571
NAIROBI
KENYA

Dr. N.S. HARDIKAR
NEW DELHI
INDIA

8th July, 1 6.

Dear Sir,

All the countries of the world are celebrating the Gandhi Certenary Celebrations in accordance with the appeal of U.N.O. The Nairobi Sevadal is also doing its bit, on behalf of all the Citizen of Kenya in the same connection. It has organised Sarvodaya Gandhi Exhibition at various places as Nairobi, Mombasa, Thika, Nakuru etc It is also contemplating to bring Mahatma Gandhi Souvenr by the 2nd October, 1 6. Mahatma Gandhi the apostle of love, truth and non-violence was in the truest sense the Citizen of the world. To honour him and his memory is the duty of everyone of us.

So, we have to request you to send us your esteemed message or article on any of our Beloved Bapu's many-faceted life and activities before the beginning of August, so as to enable us to include it in the Souvenir..

Thanking you in anticipation,

I am,

Yours sincerely,

GULAB V. BHATI,
Dalpati (G.O.C.)
THE NAIROBI SEVADAL.

VISHNU SARAN,
M A , LL B ,
Editor,
M P GAZETTEERS,

93/56 SOUTH T T NAGAR,
BHOPAL-5. (M P)
15th July, 1969.

Respected Dr. Hardikar,

I beg to draw your kind attention to my letter of the 31st. May, 1969, regarding the project of the compilation of the reminiscences of Lala La'pat Rai, the outstanding Indian patriot and martyr, and soliciting the favour of your own valued contribution of your memoirs and recollections of Lalaji. So far, I did not have the honour and the privilege of hearing from you.

You are one of those few fortunate persons to day who had the privilege of the association of Lala La'pat Rai. Naturally, therefore, I depend upon your goodwill, guidance and support and cooperation for the fulfilment of the task which I have taken in hand and which I am sure is also very close to your heart.

I realise recollecting the events that occurred about four decades ago will mean some strain on memory and writing them will further involve some precious time of yours, but still I venture to request you for your contribution in view of the special significance it will always occupy.

Memoirs of a luminous son of the North by another illustrious son of the South will be most fascinating and poignant. They will further strengthen the bonds of goodwill and friendship between the North and the South and lead to the emotional integration of the two far-flung parts of the country.

Your contribution even a brief one will add glory and grace to the work. It will give me the much needed impetus and inspiration to complete the work that I have taken in hand. It will represent a very important milestone covered in reaching the goal. It will in fact mean more than half the journey covered.

I trust my request is not mine alone, but is shared by the entire nation. By sending your contribution you will earn the gratitude of the entire Indian people. I am sure you will be equally happy, if the work becomes a reality.

I may assure you that a little precious time that you will be sparing to write up your article, will make a significant contribution to bring out a commemoration volume on LALA LAJPAT RAI.

I had started this work with the impression that it is some good work; connected as it is with Lala La pat Rai, the unforgettable Indian patriot, and will receive the ready approbation and cooperation of all concerned. If you have any misgivings or doubts about the work, kindly express them to me.

I fervently appeal to you that you may kindly bless the work by sending your esteemed contribution.

With best regards,

Yours sincerely,

Vishnu Saran

(Vishnu Saran)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar,
Ghatprabha.

P.S. Excuse me for enclosing a postcard for your interim reply. v.s.

VISHNU SARAN,
M A, LL B,
Editor,
M P GAZETTEERS

93/56 SOUTH T T. NAGAR,
BHOPAL, (M P)

.. 25th July, 1969 .

Respected Dr. Hardikar,

I am in receipt of your letter of the 18th July, 1969, and thank you very much for your kind interest in my work of the compilation of the reminiscences of Lala Lajpat Rai.

I would have very much liked that this commemorative volume should be published as early as possible, but it has not been possible to set any particular date of publication. Some of the eminent persons who have promised to send their contributions include Shri V. V. Giri, Shri D. P. Mishra, Dr. H. N. Kunzru, Dr. Mulk Raj Anand, Shri Amarnath Vidyalankar, Prof. D. C. Sharma, M.P. and Sardar Hukam Singh. Though a matter of great honour and pleasure for me, but this is also likely to delay the publication somewhat as they are likely to take their own time in sending their articles.

You will be glad to know that I have already received the contributions of Dr. Jivraj Mehta, Shri Sri Prakasa, (Late) Mr. P. N. Sapru, Sardar Gur Bakhsh Singh, Lala Yodhraj, Diwan Chaman Lal, Acharya kaka Saheb Kalelkar, Mahant Laxmi Narain Das (Former President M.P., P.C. .), etc.

My brief experience has shown that formation of a Committee for a work is more likely to impede the progress of work as all members try to pull in different directions or press their opinions to the breaking point. For completing the work undisturbed I took up the project myself, though it has meant great strain for me.

It so happened that last year 40th Death Anniversary of Lalaji was celebrated in the City. Lala Jagat Narain, M.P. who presided over the function narrated some of his reminiscences of Lalaji. That gave me the idea and the inspiration to compile the reminiscences of Lala Lajpat Rai.

I have not contacted the publishers so far as the Mss is not ready, also in the expectation that the high quality of the work may attract some reputed publisher of long standing.

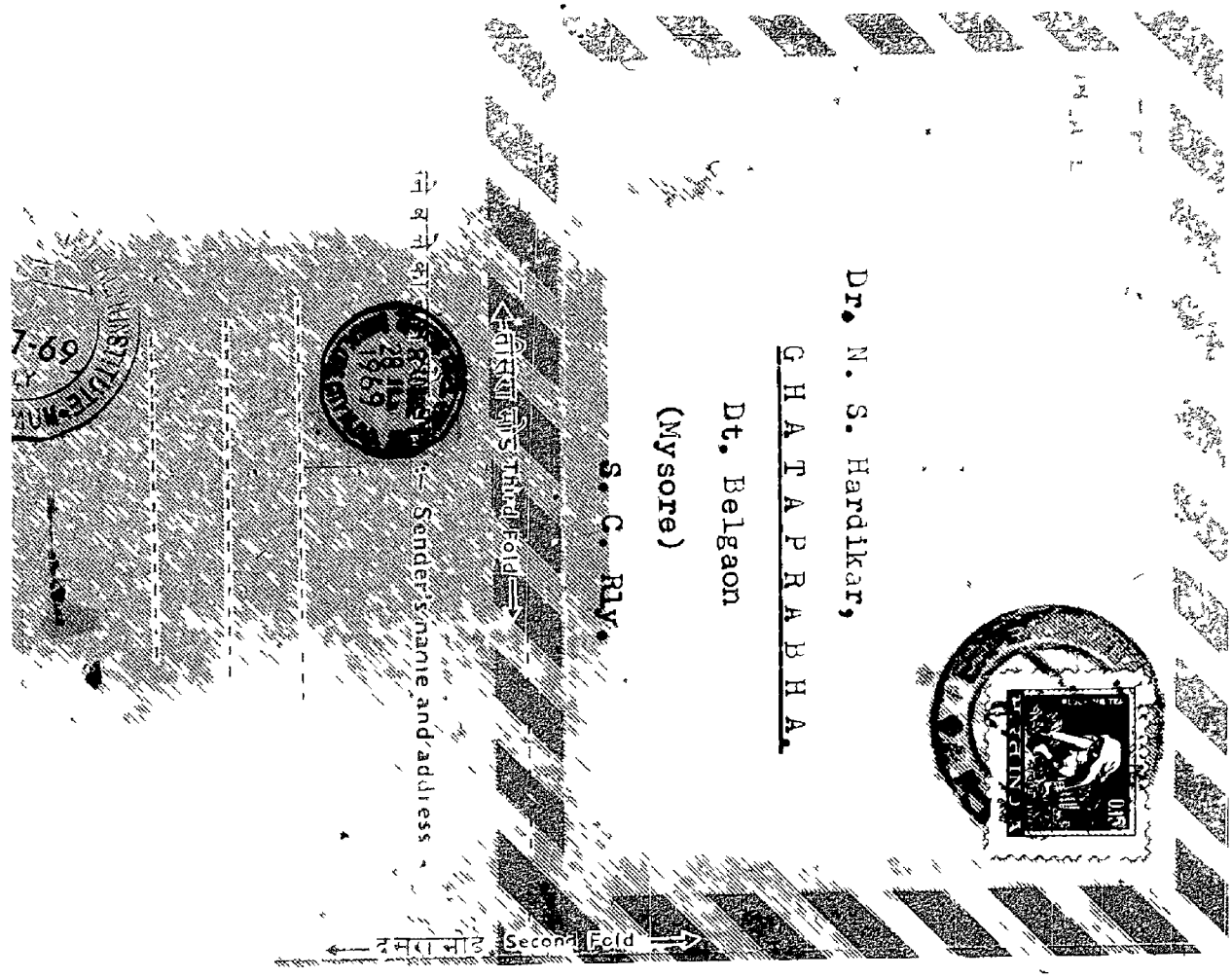
I hope this will clear any misgivings or doubts that you may be having about myself or the work.

I shall be eagerly looking forward to your esteemed contribution.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,
Vishnu Saran
(Vishnu Saran)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar,
Ghataprabha.



VISHNU SARAN,
M.A., LL.B.,
Editor,
M P GAZETTEERS,

93/56 SOUTH T. T NAGAR,
BHOPAL-5. (M P)
15th October, 69.

Respected Sir,

I may draw your kind attention to my letter of the 25th July, 1969.

When I had embarked upon the project of the compilation of the reminiscences of Lala Lajpat Rai, I was labouring under the impression that it is some good work, connected as it is with Lalaji, one of the greatest of Indian leaders, patriots and martyrs, and therefore, it will receive the ready approbation and cooperation of a grateful nation.

I depend upon you to a very large extent for the successful completion of this work. I seek your valued help not only in regard to your own contribution but also in other direction You could kindly suggest persons who in view of their personal association are suited to write their reminiscences. You may also use your good offices in persuading atleast some of them to send their contributions.

As regards your own contribution, I can only say that it will provide lustre and grace to the contemplated publication. It can never be complete in the absence of a contribution from you, who have spent years and years together in the company of the Great Lalaji. No one can write about him with the same devotion and dedication, authority and sincerity and personal touch and feeling, as you can do.

When ready, the entire credit for the publication will go to its esteemed contributors who inspite of their extremely busy schedule of work contrived to pen their reminiscences and lent their weight in securing contributions from other competent persons.

I may assure you that the little time that you will be sparing to write your contribution will make it possible to bring out a commemoration volume on Lala Lajpat Rai.

I may submit that I want to weave a lovely garland consisting of fragrant and beautiful flowers. My own inconspicuous role could be likened to the insignificant, tiny, trivial and invisible piece of the thread which keeps the flowers of a garland together. I am not so fortunate as to provide personally any flower. That prerogative belongs to persons like you who had the rare privilege of the association of Lalaji. I request that you may kindly contribute a flower so that this garland of reminiscences, homage and tributes to Lalaji could be woven.

I trust you will find the work deserving of your support and do your best to see that it materialises.

With regards,

Yours sincerely,

Vishnu Saran

(Vishnu Saran)

Dr. N. S. Hardikar,
Ghataprabha,
S.C. Rly.

English Weekly Props: Bharathan Publications Pte Ltd.

STANDS FOR MINIMUM CONTROL AND MAXIMUM FREEDOM

Editor: K Santhanam
Mg Director: T. Sadasivam
Executive Director: R. Ananthanarayanan
Director: V. Vaidyanathan

Kalki Buildings, Chetput, Madras-31
Grams 'Swarajya', Madras - Phone 61034

March 1, 1972.

Dear Sri Hardikar,

Mr. Vishnu Saran, 93/56 South T.T. Nagar, Bhopal-5 (M.P) writes to me that he is preparing a biographical account of Lala Lajpat Rai and he would like to have the experiences/and appreciations of all who had known Lalaji. It seems he has written to you but as he had no reply, perhaps he did not make further attempts. I hope you will send him your reminiscences of Lala Lajpat Rai.

I hope you are keeping fit.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

K Santhanam

Dr. H.S. Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Dist. Belgaum (Mysore)

M. W. DESAI,
Municipal Commissioner

OFFICE OF THE
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER
BOMBAY

Dc/Img-2/5980
24-4-72

Dated: 26th April 1972.

Dear Shri Doctorsahib

It is extremely kind of you to remember me and send greetings by your letter dated 24-4-1972. In fact, I consider it as the blessing from an elderly person like you.

I do remember those days when I had privilege to work with comrades like you for the sake of freedom. Even though your age prevents you to come down to this side, I assure you that I will certainly take an opportunity to pay my respects to you as and when I am on that side.

With kindest regards,

Yours Sincerely
Desai

(M.W.Desai)

Dr.N.S.Hardiker,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha, Dist.Belgaum,
(Mysore State).

गोखले सार्वजनिक विचार संस्था बेंगलूर-४.

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Public Affairs—Journal of the G.I.P.A.
G.I.P A. BASAVANGUDI, BANGALORE-4. (S.India)
Registered under the Societies Act
PHONE 70882

ಗೋಖಲೆ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ವಿಚಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-೪.

D V GUNDAPPA, D Litt
Hon Secretary

49

Ref. GIPA No 5795/72

Date 26 ಮೇ 197

My dear friend,

Your letter has touched me to the quick. It has given me great joy and consolation.

I often think of you, in one connection or another. Sometime last year or so I wrote an introduction to a biography of yours in Kannada by Sri Munagoli, and when I was thinking of it, I naturally recalled many old episodes. For example, my visit to Hubli about 1931 or 1932 to hand over to you a car and some cash. Those were days of great excitement and fervour.

But uppermost in my mind is the impression of your great and warm hearted affection for me. The affection of one like you is a Kavacha --Talisman -- to me in moments of depression and bitterness.

I do not know how you are feeling. But, I infer from your not speaking of it, that you have been living in the spirit of the Gita -- Never think of the results, think only of what is your duty in any situation and do that duty to the best of your ability. I wish I could cultivate that attitude of total unconcernedness amid public conditions of today.

Whenever old S.V.K. saw me, he would tell me of your largeness of spirit, of your great work of human fellow-feeling of the growing strength of your institution.

I also know how you looked after his mother during her last days.

All that is service to God. You have built up a fine Ashram. If anybody gave me strength and money now, the first object to which I would devote both is an Ashram of Peace like yours, somewhere near about Bangalore. Every large city requires such a sanctuary where people tired in body and mind may go and stay for a few months and refresh themselves. I see people's

गोखले सार्वजनिक विचार संस्था बेंगलूर-४.

GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS

Public Affairs—Journal of the G.I P.A.

G.I.P.A. BASAVANGUDI, BANGALORE-4. (S.India)

Registered under the Societies Act

PHONE 70882

ಗೋಖಲೆ ಸಾರ್ವಜನಿಕ ವಿಚಾರ ಸಂಸ್ಥೆ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರು-೪

D V GUNDAPPA, D Litt.
Hon Secretary

Ref. GIPA No

Date

heads are getting turned and confused and thrown out of sanity by the strains and stresses of city life.

My dear friend, I see you are senior to me by just a year or so. But my physical condition is not so good. I have arthritis in the legs and cataract plus bodily weakness. I say this to show that I am tied down to Bangalore for my life. You and I therefore can keep contacts only by means of letters This shows how I appreciate your writing to me.

All strength to your elbows and all happiness and peace to you.

With respectful regards,

Yours always

D. V. Gundappa

(D. V. Gundappa)

Sri N. S. Hardikar
Karnatak Health Institute
Ghataprabha, Belgaum District

Surendra A Adya
M A J P

PHONE RES 362104
OFFICE [redacted] 291488

53 RAJAT APARTMENTS
MOUNT PLEASANT ROAD
MALABAR HILL BOMBAY

August 1, 1972

Dear Respected Dr.Hardikar,

I hasten to thank you and Dr.Vaidya for your kindness and generous hospitality shown to me during my stay in Ghataprabha. Although my stay was very short, it was a good change for me and I enjoyed every minute of my stay there. It was also a pleasure and privilege to meet you and spend some time with you after a long time.

I have arranged to send you copies of the speeches of Shri Arvind Mafatlal, which will give you some idea of the work that he is doing during the last few years. As I told you at Ghataprabha, he is devoting most of his time to such work rather than his own business. Shri Mafatlal will very much appreciate if you give your own views on the subjects he has discussed in the papers sent to you.

If you think it is possible to implement some of his schemes in Ghataprabha, you may write to him accordingly and I will try to persuade him to see if he can pay a visit to Ghataprabha to see things for himself.

Please do not hesitate to write to me if there is anything that I can do for you in Bombay, although I know that you have quite a number of more important and influential contacts in Bombay.

With kind regards to Dr.Vaidya and to self,

Yours sincerely,

Surendra

Dr.N.B.Hardikar,
Karnatak Health Institute,
Ghataprabha,
Dist:Belgaum.

ROLL No 22

DR. N.S. HARDIKAR

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DR. N.S. HARDIKAR

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